The NFSS Handbook

A yearbook Issue of The NFSS Bulletin



NATIONAL FINCH AND SOFTBILL SOCIETY

Vol. 14, No. 4



THE NATIONAL FINCH AND SOFTBILL SOCIETY

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The NFSS Bulletin

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Thank you to you all!!

Editorial Policy/Disclaimer

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In this issue:

The Yearbook issue has returned. In this handbook there is the 1996 annual census. It also contains the NFSS's bylaws, FinchSave's purpose and definition, a map of the various NFSS regions, NFSS's Show Champions over the years, explanation of the Apprentice Judge Program, and much more. The 1997 NFSS Show Classifications were printed in the prior issue of the Bulletin. May/June 1997. The cumulative index for the Bulletin is published in the last issue of the year. Nov/Dec issue.

Also in this issue is the Official Standards for the Cutthroat Finch and Parson Finch. The Zebra Finch standard proposal is completed and included. This proposal is lengthy and detailed, I know that the Zebra Finch standards committee worked hard and long on the proposal.

For those like myself who can never get enough avian articles we still have a couple of those in this issue. The first article is from Tim Roche, our European Finch expert, who discusses the European Bullfinch. The second article is once again from one of our regular writers. Ron Castaner, this issue he is writing about finches' molting.

Deadline for the next issue is September 1st 1997

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Ganny Allen

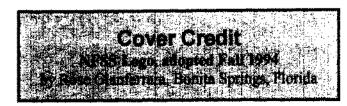
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Ron Castaner

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Stephen Hoppin

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I have greatly enjoyed my position as Membership Chairman, but feel I have mare to affer NFSS. I am a prafessianal accountant with 20 years experience as comptroller for a major heating and electrical company; in the accounting department I am supervisor to seven employees. I am whally familiar with accounts receivable, billing, dispersment, accounting reports and camputer financial pragrams.

In my years as a NFSS Board Member, I have seen a lack af cammunication between the office of Treasurer and the Board and the membership. As Treasurer I will provide accurate and timely reports for discussion and publication. I will remain accountable to other committee chairman and department managers who are respansible for NFSS's financial condition. With your vote I will be allowed to continue to serve the NFSS and its valued members.

Thank you Lynda Bakula

NFSS News & Notes

from the Executive Secretary

The NFSS Board of Directors has unanimously approved Jacky Civitarese as a Panel Judge. Ms. Civitarese has been in the winners circle many times, including Best in Show two consecutive years at the Kaytee Great American Show. Congratulations and a very warm welcome to this fine lady.

On another note, a nominating committee has been formed to accept nominations for this year's elections. Clarence Culwell is the committee chairman. Also serving on the committee are Ginny Allen and Charlie Anchor. Their names, addresses and phone numbers are listed on page 47 of the *Bulletin*. All elected offices are up for election. Terms are for two years and start January 1, 1998.

Please contact one of the committee members if interested in running for an office or to nominate someone else. NFSS is always in need of members willing to share their time, energies and ideas to keep this vibrant society moving forward. Please consider running for an office.

from the Judges Panel

To All Potential Apprentice Judges: Our Judges Handbook outlines the necessities to become an apprentice judge. Here is a synopsis of the necessary steps one might take to become an apprentice.

All potential apprentices must write a letter of intent to the Panel Chairman listing a complete history including the numbers of years breeding finches and softbills, number of years as a member of NFSS, number

of years as an exhibitor of finches and softbills and a complete listing of wins in the top ten. Each show, date of show and placings must be listed.

The potential apprentice must also indicate where he or she wishes to take the test. Most generally, the test is taken at the Kaytee Great American or the National. All test will be monitored and given at a specific time. Members previously not passing the test must again submit the letter.

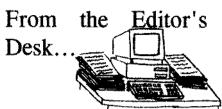
The Cutthroat and Parson Finch Standard proposals, published in the Nov/Dec '96 Bulletin. have become the final standards and are reprinted in this issue.

Notice: Show Champion Correction Patrick Vance's Cinnamon Java Rice Bird (K58'93) should also be on the list of Champion Birds in 1996.

Martha Wigmore has announced she will be an inactive judge as of July 1, 1997.

Ever Dreamed of Being a writer?

Now's your chance! The position of NFSS Bulletin editor is open. Anyone interested should submit a resume and several copies of their written work to the 2nd Vice President. Robert Petrie. All material will be reviewed by the NFSS Board of Directors. Questions regarding this position should be addressed to the current Editor, Robert Petrie. phone (816) 459-9800 E-mail rspetrie@juno.com



Unfortunately, I happen to be one of those people that can never remember someone's name. Even though they may have just told me their name seconds ago, I typically cannot recall it, even if my life depended on it. The names of animal species, and often those bizarre scientific names, stick in my head like bird poop on a perch. But peoples names fly through one ear and out the other. like the breeze on a summer's afternoon. I have found I need to use peoples' names about a dozen times right-a-way when I first meet them, if there is going to be even the slightest chance of any mental retention.

I guess as far as famous quotes go, it's better to remember what was said more than who said it. Or maybe I'm just trying to justify my inability to remember who was quoted for saying "We walk upon the shoulder's of giants". I cannot even remember where I picked it up, but I liave definitely remembered the quote itself.

"We walk upon the shoulder's of giants." What I can remember, or atleast my interpretation, of what the author was meaning by the statement was that; what we are, know and do, comes from people who came before us.

Just this year some scientists where capable of creating a clone of a sheep. Beyond your personal view points of what was done, you must admit it was an amazing feat. The people responsible for the cloning have got to be extremely intelligent to figure out a way to do what they did. But as intelligent as they are, they could not have done it without the work of other scientist before them. If those very same people that did the cloning were setn back in time and had to work with the knowledge and tools of the time of the beginning of mankind, or even 100 or 50 years ago, they could not have accomplished that same feat. It took Gregory Mendell, the monk who "played" with peas and founded the science of genetics, and many, many others. who made large and small advances, to make it possible for those scientists to do the cloning.

As I stare at this computer, I can't help but think what a bonehead I am when it comes to computers and the fact that there are kids in high school that can work these programs so easily. But, I am also aware that they would know nothing without the things my generation learned and what the generation before us learned and those before them an so on. Albert Einstein, arguably one of the most intelligent people ever, would not have been able to make his revolutionary and world changing theories in physics if it were not for the work of Isaac Newton and many other physicist that come before Mr. Einstein.

All of us walk upon the shoulder's of all those people that came before us, dead and still living. Practically everything you know, most of who you are, and just about everything your able to do is because of the things learned from prior people.

Just like those that came before us, we all become part of the giants that others will ride. Things we have already done in our lives have become part of those collective giants. No matter how big are small, we all have and will contribute.

I hope that everyone has enjoyed the *Bulletin* for the past year and a half that I have been the Editor. I am proud of the *Bulletin*, but most of the credit for the *Bulletins* in '96 and '97 go to those members

who contributed to it during those years and especially those that contributed to it in the past. The most notably of those contributors were the past Editors, Martha Wigmore and Brenda Geesey. I would like to think the Bulletin is the best it has ever been. It should be, because I'm not only able to use what I know but I was able to use what Brenda and Martha already did. In essence it is as though there were three editors for the Bulletin over the last 18 months. Brenda, Martha and myself. I have been riding on those giants' shoulders

At the end of this year, NFSS will have a new Board of Directors, probably made up of some old names and some new. If you have or are considering running for an office but are a little intimidated remember you will have those Giants to walk upon.

ESTRILDIAN

The Estrildian is produced for the purpose of relating the most up to date information on all species belonging to the family Estrildidae both in the wild and in captivity, Within its 124 species are all of the Waxbills, Parrot-finches, Mannikins and Australian finches. The aviculturist and the SCIRILDIAN

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An Open Letter to the NFSS Membership

by Ginny Allen Awards Manager

The future of NFSS will soon rest on the shoulders of the entire NFSS membership. The upcoming election of officers for the 98/99 term is extremely important and will determine the direction of the Society as it approaches the next century.

While serving as Liaison Officer (94/95)). Awards Manager (94/97), and currently a member of the nominating committee, it has been my privilege to speak with many members. including potential officers, club officers, and NFSS delegates. These conversations have been revealing.

A thought-provoking letter written by Martha Wigmore and published in the May/June '97 Bulletin was only the "tip of the iceberg". If there seems to be dissent in NFSS, it appears because members' concerns and the goals of NFSS are not being pursued as in the past. What about the unanswered letters and non-returned phone calls? What promotional activities have we had? Where is the breeder-recognition program? What contact have we had with other avicultural groups, whether it is on a local, state, or national level? All these questions are continuously being asked by the membership and remained unanswered

NFSS is an organization composed of caring people who share a common interest in finches and softbills in particular and aviculture in general. The Society values its membership very much. We are a hobbyist, not a professional, organization. Within this large organization some members keep and/or breed pet birds. Many exhibit their stock or domestic offspring to compare breeding success and promote the fancy to interested aviculturists. The devoted breeders, large and small, continue to preserve finch and softbill species in captivity for all of us to enjoy in the years ahead. Our interest and facilities may vary, but we all share the love for, and welfare of, our birds. The wealth of informative articles in the Bulletin. shared by members and interested parties, help us collectively to maintain our birds and reach our goals. We appreciate the time and effort the contributing members have taken to prepare those articles.

You will receive information from the Election Committee approximately Sept. 1, 1997. It will contain the slate of nominees for which each office and brief statements (Bio's) made by each incumbent or nominee regarding their qualifications and desire to hold office. The job descriptions as they appear in the *Handbook* will also be included so each NFSS member can carefully read the responsibilities, make intelligent choices, and vote for the candidate that you feel will do the best job.

Ask yourself, "Which of the persons nominated for each position will promote the Society and the welfare of finches and softbills? Are they truly interested in NFSS, your concerns, and the pursuit of the Societies goals or are they just they just interested in board status?" All board members should be actively doing something to continue with the positive progression of the Society. How often have you seen the individual's reports on their activities in the Bulletin? If you are aware that an incumbent has not successfully fulfilled the obligations of a current position, can you honestly elect him/her to another

term of office? You will see many new names on the slate of nominees. Be assured that the nominating committee has discussed the responsibilities of each office with the nominee. Each realizes the necessary commitment of time and expertise their office will require.

After reading the information submitted by each candidate, you will make your choices. In the last election less than 10% of the membership voted. I wonder just how many of you broad shouldered members will make the effort to vote this time?

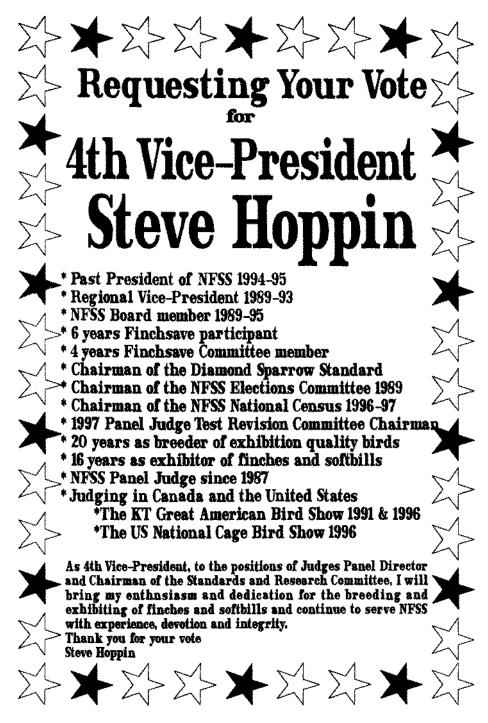
Changing Your Address?

Let NFSS be the first to greet you at your new address! Please send this form or this information to:

Lynda Bakula NFSS Membership Director P.O. Box 3232 Club Delegates should also send their change of addrass separataly to:

Jerry McCawley NFSS Liaison Manager 111 Barton Bnd Dripping Springs, TX 78620

Name		······································
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City	·	······································
State	_ Zip Code	<u></u>



The European Bullfinch

(Pyrrhula pyrrhula)

by Tim Roche Tewksbury, MA

A jet black cap and chin patch, a back of grey, black wings and tail of glossy appearance, and a conspicuous white rump in flight, and a rich rosy red breast makes the European Bullfinch the most magnificent of the European finches. Females are shaded brown, following the lines of the males color varieties and possessing the same black cap, bib, wing and tail feathers. Young birds resemble the female but lack the black cap and chin patch.

The bird is common throughout most of Europe, being particularly visible in early spring as it flits from tree to tree feeding on its favorite food, budding tree leaves. In the wild, Bullfinches are rarely found ground-feeding and prefer whenever possible to acquire their nutrition from the trees and shrubs throughout their habitat. To this end, fruit and berries play a significant part in the well being of this species. Diced sweet apple (including the pits), soaked currants and raisins, split dried figs, and raspberries will all serve the daily needs of this majestic finch

A dried seed mixture of canary, rape, niger, linseed, and a little hemp, a long with soaked pigeon conditioner/safflower mix, completes the basic out-of-breeding season requirements.

It has not been possible to cage breed theses birds but there has been excellent success in aviaries of various sizes, provided that only one pair is kept to each enclosure as they become highly territorial, with death occurring if boundaries are crossed. Reproductive conditioning should start with the introduction to the enclosure of tree prunings, containing the leaves that are just about to open. To watch these birds devour the buds is to realize why they are considered the scourge of the commercial fruit grower.

The next available food source when breeding conditioning is being attempted is the seeding dandelion head, which should be picked and offered just after the bloom has closed and the seeding head has formed. Upon its introduction much piping and "chuckling" from the male and female with their tails swaving from side to side will alert the keeper to the onset of breeding. Once this condition is attained I have generally found that nest building is undertaken quicker if certain materials are provided. Thin twigs, plenty of dried plant roots, coconut fibers and animal hair for lining will do nicely.

If in a mixed collection they should be monitored for bullying.

which soon diminishes after egg laving. Four to six blue speckled eggs take thirteen days to hatch after which dietary requirements will change somewhat with inclusion of livefood, essential for the growth of the chicks in the early stages. Mealworms and wax moth larvae are the live foods used because they are easily obtained and are accepted readily by the birds. Any other creepy, crawly which can be collected locally will also be downed. Soaked seed and a commercially prepared eggfood mix (to which some pairs take a dislike) may also be offered. The inclusion of live food is more the rule than the exception, as to try and feed without it often leads to tears.

Unfortunately at the present time, the US aviculturist will only be able to read about how captivating this particular bird is. Due to some obscure sighting, some thirty or more years ago, in the Aleutian Islands, coupled with the lobbying from this countries fruit growers. only breeders in Europe, South America, Australia, Asia and the rest of the free world can experience the delights of having this bird in their collections. Perhaps petitioning the US Fish and Wildlife Service by NFSS. AFA and other knowledgeable avian organizations and the general populous can affect a positive change to what is an American avicultural tragedy.



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Clayton Beegle, Secretary Studio-M Rt. 1 Box 186-B Ridgeley, WV 26753 (304)738-1689

Your Bird's Health

The Molting Finch

by Ron Castaner West Palm Beach, FL

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Every year, after breeding, adult finches replace their feathers. During the molt the birds' behaviors change and sexual activities, which have dominated the birds lives during the preceding months, cease within a matter of days. The birds become silent, they hide, become sluggish, and spend most of the day resting in the corners. At the same time the reproductive system and the various hormones, which controlled the breeding, are replaced in the blood by other hormones that are involved during a molt.

The thyroid hormone in particular raises the general metabolic rate of the bird and controls the growth of the new feathers. The latter are fed from the blood stream: and the skin, which for most of the year is thin and loose now becomes thicker and firmer with new blood vessels for blood to flow through. Slowly new feathers emerge and the process of replacement continues over several weeks.

In the majority of species of birds the molt is seasonal and in most cases occurs outside the breeding season. This can only happen when there is sufficient and plenty of food to support the growth of feathers. The bird's feathers are grouped into "tracks" which for the most part run along the length of the body separated by areas of bare skin. Typically when one feather is partially grown, the next is shed and so on through the series.

The molting bird thus has patches of growing feathers at several points on the body. The advantage of such sequential replacement is that the bird is never left naked or flightless. New feathers will also grow out of season if existing ones are knocked out accidentally, but the mere breakage of feathers will not result in fresh growth.

In all finches, the first feathers to be shed when the adults start molting are the innermost primaries of the wings. The last to complete their growth are either the outermost primaries or the innermost secondaries. All other feathers, both of the wings and the body, are replaced. In the meantime the nine large primaries of the wings are molted in order from the innermost to the wing tip. When

the first few have reached full length the molt of the six secondaries begins with the outermost and spreads inward to the body. The two wings molt in phases. The twelve large tail feathers are replaced in pairs from the central pair outwards and among the body feathers. Molt begins along the center of each feather's track and spreads out.

Food Requirements During the Molt

The primary nutritional demands of molting have not been decided for any bird: however, an attempt can now be made to define these needs.

The feathers themselves consist almost exclusively of keratins, which are proteins containing very large amounts of the sulfur amino acids, cystine and methionine. It is mainly these materials that make feathers so unbelievably durable and resilient for their weight. But these two amino acids are much more concentrated in feather keratins than in any other proteins.

A lot more protein is needed by birds in a molt than one might have imagined, just to get enough of these two limiting amino acids. For a successful molt, food must be available continuously because a shortage of only one essential amino acid is enough to cause the formation on the growing feathers of "fault bars", where the rachis is pinched and the barbs on the vein are deficient in barbules. The feathers are later liable to break at such points. So even temporary food shortages may be enough to damage the birds flight feathers for the next year.

The requirements of a molt are not set just by the needs of feather growth, but the birds lose more heat than usual at this time. Not only do they have less insulation, but warm blood flows continu-

A lot more protein is

needed by birds in a

molt than one might

have imagined

bases of the growing feathers. Anyone who has handled birds in a heavy molt may have noticed how hot they feel, this results

mainly from the greater ease with which heat is lost from the body. To maintain a high body temperature with increased heat loss there needs to be further increase in food consumption, otherwise the bird will lose weight.

So inclosing, the most important thing to remember is to give the birds a high protein diet, keep them warm, and make sure they do not breed during the molting period. Lastly, for baby Gouldians, they need to be kept extra warm, use a red bulb for heat, and feed them a very high protein diet fortified with vitamins during their coloring out period.

I hope this article will help in caring for your birds.

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Proposed Zebra Finch Standard Revision

(Poephila guttata)

CONFORMATION

50 POINTS

Head and Body

30 points

Wings Tall 10 points

CONDITION

20 POINTS

DEPORTMENT & PRESENTATION

10 POINTS

COLOR & MARKINGS

10 POINTS

CONFORMATION (50 POINTS)

Head and Body: 30 Points. The ideal Zebra Finch will measure about 4" from the tip of the beak to the end of the tail. The head should be large and proportional to the body, broad from all angles, blending into the shoulders, back and front, with a slight nip at the neck when at rest. The eyes must be round, with the lower edge of the eye just above the line where the mandibles meet. There is a noticeable brow in the ideal bird, resulting from the slight indentation of the feathering at the eye.

The crown rises up from the top of the upper mandible in a rounded arc through to the neck. The neck should be broad and expand smooth, from the neck through the tip of the tail, except in the displaying bird (see Tail below).

The sides are slightly rounded from the shoulders through the tail. The bird is full-bodied, showing good substance. The bottom line bows outward deeply, smoothly rounded, from just below the chin through to the vent, the deepest and broadest point being between the chest and the stomach. The stomach feathers of the ideal bird are just above the perch because of the roundness of the bottom line, but not because of poor position.

From the perch the legs rise slightly from the horizontal. The thigh is not exposed. The feet grip the perch properly.



<u>Wings: 10 points.</u> The wings should be carried evenly, and should not droop nor entirely cover the flanking. They should blend into the back smoothly with the wing tips meeting at the root of the tail. Crossed wings, overlapping one another, or drooping wings are faulted.

<u>Tail: 10 points</u> The line of the tail shall continue the line of the back and must not droop or be carried high. The tail may rise slightly from the back line in the displaying bird. The tail will be proportional to the body.

CONDITION (20 POINTS)

Eyes should be bright and clear. There should be an overall sheen to the Zebra's feathering, and the feather condition should be immaculate, with no soiled, frayed or missing feathers. There should be no pin feathers. All toes and nails should be present, and the beak, legs, and nails must also be immaculate, with no scaling or overgrowth.

DEPORTMENT AND PRESENTATION (10 POINTS)

<u>Deportment: 5 points.</u> The angle of the Zebra Finch is between 40 and 45 degrees; its stance should not appear too upright, nor too low over the perch. It should display a bright personality, yet be calm on the perch; it should be active, yet confident. The ideal Zebra will easily and often times display in the show cage.

<u>Presentation: 5 points.</u> A National Finch and Softbill Society standard show cage, size #2 is recommended. Perches suitable to the size of a Zebra's feet need to be used. Perches should run from the cage front to rear and be positioned far enough from the sides so as not to injure the tail when the bird moves from perch to perch. Position perches to give the judge a full lateral view of the bird. The waterer should be placed to give the judge an unobstructed view of the bird.

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COLOR AND MARKINGS (20 points)

Standard Zebra Finch Markings (Both Color and Melanin)

Exceptions are noted in the Standards and Descriptions which follow.

COCK: Eyes black or near black. The beak should be coral red. Lores are white, bordered by a thin dark line from the base of the bill to nostril and a heavier line dropping below the eye (the tear marking), creating a clear and distinct 'teardrop' effect. A distinct cheek patch of color covers the cheeks and ear-coverts.

The throat and upper chest area (to the breast bar) should be thinly and evenly striped. The breast bar should be clear, distinct and even, and not less than 1/8" wide.

The side flanking should be prominent and should extend from the wing's greater coverts to the upper tail coverts, and contain numerous small round, clearly defined white spots. The center of the lower rump is white. The tail should be horizontally barred with white. The feet and legs should be pale coral red.

HENS: As for the cock, minus the cheek patches, throat stripes and breast bar. The lores and flanking will show the same color as the hen's throat. The beak should be a paler shade of red.

ZEBRA FINCH COLOR STANDARDS FOR STANDARD VARIETIES

The following Zebra Finch color varieties have color Standards, presented here:

Normal Gray Fawn

Lightback Normal Gray Lightback Fawn

Dominant Silver Dominate Cream

Chestnut Flanked White White

Pied Penguin

<u>Descriptions</u> of less commonly exhibited and newer varieties are offered for informational purposes in the subsequent section.

Normal Gray Cock: The head, neck, back, and wings dark gray, even throughout. The throat should be pale gray. The cheek patch should be rich dark orange. The tear marking, throat and upper chest striping, breast bar and tail bars should be jet black, the flanking should be rich reddish brown with white spots. The underparts should be white, but may have some fawn shading near the vent and thighs. SHOW FAULTS: uneven or patchy color: "bleeding" of the cheek patches into the ground color.

NORMAL GRAY HEN: The head, neck, back and wings, tear marking and tail bars as for the cock. The throat and breast should be midgray. No cheek patches, throat stripes, breast bar or flanking. Underparts should be buff. SHOW FAULTS: uneven or patchy color; showing cock markings.

FAWN COCK: The head, neck, back and wings a deep fawn color, even throughout. The throat should be pale grayish brown. The cheek patch should be a rich dark orange. The tear marking, throat and upper chest striping, breast bar and tail bars should be blackish brown. The flanking should be rich reddish brown with white spots. The underparts should be white, but may have some fawn shading near the vent and thighs. SHOW FAULTS: uneven or patchy color; "bleeding" of the cheek patches into the ground color.

FAWN HEN: The head, neck, back and wings tear marking and tail bars as for the cock. The throat and breast should be buff. No cheek patches, throat stripes, breast bar, or flanking. Underparts should be buff. SHOW FAULTS: uneven or patchy color; showing cock markings.

LIGHTBACK NORMAL GRAY COCK: The head, neck, back and wings light gray, even throughout. The throat should be light silvery gray. The cheek patch should be pale orange. The tear marking, throat and upper chest striping, breast bar and tail bars should be black. The flanking should be pale or reddish brown with white spots. The underparts should be white with no shading. SHOW FAULTS: uneven or patchy color: "bleeding" of cheek patches into the ground color.

LIGHTBACK NORMAL GRAY HEN: The head, neck. back and wings, tear marking and tail bars as for the cock. The throat and breast should be light silvery gray. No cheek patches, throat stripes, breast bar, or flanking. Underparts should be white. SHOW FAULTS: uneven or patchy color, showing cock markings.

LIGHTBACK FAWN COCK: The head, neck, back and wings pale fawn, even throughout. The throat should be off-white. The cheek patch should be pale orange. The tear marking, throat and upper chest striping, breast bar and tail bars should be blackish brown. The flanking should be pale reddish brown with white spots. The underparts should be white with no shading. SHOW FAULTS: uneven or patchy color: "bleeding" of cheek patches into the ground color.

LIGHTBACK FAWN HEN: The head, neck, back and wings, tear marking and tail bars as for the cock. The throat and breast should be off-white. No cheek patches, throat stripes, breast bar, or flanking. Underparts should be white. SHOW FAULTS: uneven or patchy color; showing cock markings.

DOMINANT SILVER COCK: There are various shades of Dominant Silver. The head, neck, back and wings should be from light bluish gray to pale silvery gray. There may be some patchiness to the color. The throat should be from pale silvery gray to off-white. The check patch should from pale orange to cream. The tear marking, throat and upper chest striping, breast bar and tail bars should be a matching shade of gray. The flanking should be pale reddish orange with white spots. The uderparts should be white, but may have some silver shading near the vent and thighs. SHOW FAULTS: Excessively uneven or patchy color, including fawn shading in the ground color; characteristic cock markings showing no dilution, or indistinct.

<u>DOMINANT SILVER HEN</u>: The head, neck, back and wings, tear marking and tail bars as for the cock. The throat and breast should be from pale silvery gray to off-white. No cheek patches, throat stripes, breast bar, or flanking. Underparts should be buff. SHOW FAULTS: Excessively uneven or patchy color, including fawn shading in the ground color; showing cock markings.

<u>DOMINANT CREAM COCK</u>: There are various shades of cream. The head, neck, back and wings should be from deep cream to pale cream. The throat should be from pale cream to off-white. The cheek patch should be from pale orange to cream. The tear marking, throat and upper chest srtiping, breast bar and tail bars should be a matching shade of fawn. The flanking should be pale reddish orange with white spots. The underparts should he white, but may have some cream shading near the vents and thighs. SHOW FAULTS: Excessively uneven or patchy color; characteristic cock markings showing no dilution, or indistinct.

<u>DOMINANT CREAM HEN:</u> The head, neck, back and wings, tear marking and tail bars as for the cock. The throat and breast should be from pale cream to off-white. No cheek patches, throat stripes, breast

bar, or flanking. Underparts should be pale cream. SHOW FAULTS: excessively uneven or patchy color; showing cock markings.

CHESTNUT FLANKED WHITE COCK: The head, neck, back and wings, throat and underparts as white as possible. The cheek patches should be rich de

CHESTNUT FLANKED WHITE COCK: The head, neck, back and wings, throat and underparts as white as possible. The cheek patches should be rich dark orange. The tear marking, throat and upper chest striping, breast bar and tail bars should be as near black as possible. The flanking should be rich reddish brown with white spots. SHOW FAULTS: characteristic cock markings pale; "bleeding" of cheek patches into the ground color.

CHESTNUT FLANKED WHITE HEN: As near white as possible, with no cheek patches, throat stripes, breast bar, flanking. Remaining tear marking and tail bars as near black as possible. A small amount of gray wash or very light flecking on the head is acceptable. SHOW FAULTS: showing cock markings.

WHITE COCK AND HEN: Color to be pure white all over. As with other varieties, hen's beak to be a paler shade of red. SHOW FAULTS: any colored feathering, including flecking in the shoulder and back area.

PIED COCK AND HEN: The body should be approximately 50% white and 50% color with markings as symmetrical as possible. Cock to retain all characteristic cock markings, but all markings should be broken with white. Hen should show tear markings and tail bars, but broken with white. SHOW FAULTS: an excessive percentage of white feathering or colored feathering (from the 50/50 mix); cocks showing complete loss of characteristic cock markings; hens showing cock markings.

Note: Pieds can be exhibited in all recognized colors, except white.

<u>PENGUIN COCK:</u> Head, neck, back and wings light silvery gray with flights, secondaries and coverts edged with a paler shade of gray, giving a laced appearance. Older birds may display more lacing than younger birds. The throat and underparts to be white without a trace of barring. The cheek patch should be rich dark orange. Tear marking absent. The flanking to be reddish brown with white spots. The tail should match the back color, barred with white. SHOW FAULTS: Any trace of breast barring or tear markings.

<u>PENGUIN HEN:</u> Head, neck, back and wings as for the cock. The throat, breast, flanking and underparts should be absent. SHOW FAULTS: ant trace of cock markings or tear markings.

Note: Penguins can be exhibited in other recognized colors.

ZEBRA FINCH COLOR DESCRIPTIONS FOR NON-STANDARD VARIETIES

NON-STANDARD VARIETIES

The following Zebra Finch color mutations are less commonly exhibited and/or newer varieties. <u>Descriptions</u> are provided here for informational purposes. Bear in mind that new mutations and combinations are always appearing (the result of which are sometimes variable), and that the descriptive nomenclature is also evolving.

Recessive Silver Recessive Cream

Crested Yellow Beaked

Black Breasted Orange Breasted

Isabel Phaeo

Florida Fancy Agate

Black Cheeked Gray Cheeked

Fawn Cheeked Blacked Faced

Black Saddleback

RECESSIVE SILVER COCK: The head, neck, back and wings are bluish gray. The throat is silvery gray. The cheek patch is orange. The tear marking, throat and upper chest striping, breast bar and tail bars are a matching shade of gray. The flanking is reddish brown with white spots. The underparts are white.

<u>RECESSIVE SILVER HEN:</u> The head, neck, back and wings, tear marking and tail bars as for the cock. The throat and breast are bluish gray. No cheek patches, throat stripes, breast bar or flanking. Underparts are from pale buff to pale gray.

RECESSIVE CREAM COCK: The head, neck, back and wings are pale fawn. The throat is cream. The cheek patch is orange. The tear marking, throat and upper chest striping, breast bar and tail bars are a matching shade of pale gray. The flanking is reddish brown with white spots. The underparts are white, but may have some fawn shading near the vent and thighs.

RECESSIVE CREAM HEN: The head, neck, back and wings, tear marking and tail bars as for the cock. The throat and breast are cream. No cheek patches, throat stripes, breast bar or flanking. Underparts are cream.

<u>CRESTED COCK AND HEN:</u> Crested can be exhibited in all recognized colors, and are the same as any other color variety except they have a crest. We should strive for a crest that has a full circular appearance, finishing level with top of eye.

YELLOW BEAKED COCK AND HEN: Yellow Beaks can be exhibited in all recognized colors, and are the same as any other color variety except the beak should be as near yellow as possible, not orange. The legs and feet are a very pale coral red.

BLACK BREASTED NORMAL GRAY COCK: The head, back and wings are as in Normal Gray, but with feathers outlined with reddish brown. The cheek patch has no definite outline and "bleeds" onto the neck and head. It has no tear marking, but retains the black edging along the beak. It displays a lighter throat under the beak mottled with black feathering. There are no Zebra throat striping. The black Breasted's breast bar tends to be blacker and broader than the normal breast bar. The side flanks are poorly defined and are marked with white ticks or slashes of white rather than spots. The underparts are white, with some fawn shading at the vent. The upper tail feathers are normally colored but outlined in white, creating a vertically barred effect.

BLACK BREASTED HEN: The head, neck, back and wings, tear marking, beak edging and tail barring as for the cock. It may show traces of a breast bar.

Note: The Black Breasted can be exhibited in all recognized colors, although the reddish brown outlining on the head, back and wing feathers will be less evident on some mutations, such as the Black Breasted Chestnut Flanked White.

ORANGE BREASTED NORMAL GRAY COCK: Color and markings are as in Normal Gray, except that most black markings are replaced or atleast partially masked by orange. Tear markings are masked by orange. The throat striping and breast bar, while mostly orange with this mutation, may show some black coloration. The breast bar will have a less precise size and shape than in the Normal Gray. Orange is mixed in with the black and white tail bars.

ORANGE BREASTED HEN: Color and markings as for a Normal Gray hen, except that the Orange Breasted hen has no visible black tear marking, no evidence of chest barring, and must have visible orange on tail barring.

Note: The Orange Breasted can be exhibited in all recognized colors. In all, orange replaces most of the black on the tear marking, throat and upper chest striping, breast bar and tail bars.

ISABEL COCK: The head, neck, back and wings from cream to off-white, with pale orange lacing to the feathers. The throat and upper chest from buff to off-white. The cheek patch is a rich dark orange. The tear marking, throat and upper chest striping, and breast bar are absent. The flanking is a rich reddish brown with white spots. The underparts are white, with some pale orange shading near the vent and thighs. Tail bars from fawn to very pale fawn.

ISABEL HEN: The head, neck, back, wings and tail bars as for the cock. Tear marking absent. The throat and breast, extend through the underparts should be very pale buff. No cheek patches, throat stripes, breast bar or flanking.

PHAEO COCK: A combination of the Isabel x Black Breasted mutations, showing the effects of both. The head, neck, back, and wings are diluted to off-white. The orange lacing to the feathers is more evident. There is no chest barring. The check patch has no definite outline and "bleeds" onto the neck and head. The side flanks change to orange and are poorly defined and are marked with white ticks or slashes of white rather than spots. The underparts are white, with some cream shading at the vent. The upper tail feathers are cream colored but outlined in white, creating a vertically barred effect.

PHAEO HEN: Hens are very similar to Isabel hens, with orange lacing to the generally off-white head, neck, back and wings. Phaeo hens also lack the tear marking. Phaeo hens can be distinguished from Isabel hens by the tail: the Phaeo's tail has orange colored vertical striping; the Isabel's shows light fawn horizontal bars.

Note: The Phaeo is often combined with other mutations. When combined with the Orange Breasted, orange throat and upper chest striping and an orange breast bar appears, making a brightly colored bird.

FLORIDA FANCY COCK: A white bird (with some faint gray lacing of feathers on back and wings) with rich orange cheek patch and rich reddish brown flanking with white spots. No tear marking, throat and upper chest striping or breast bar,

and only a faint light gray tail bars. Appears to be a combination of Penguin and Chestnut Flanked White.

FLORIDA FANCY HEN: As for the cock, with no cheek patch flanking.

AGATE COCK: The normal Agate could be described as a bird with the head color and markings of a Normal Gray, but the body and wing color of a light fawn. The Agate also appears in other mutations, such as the Fawn and Lightback.

AGATE HEN: The hens are the same color minus the cock markings.

<u>BLACK CHEEKED COCK</u>: The cheek patch is black. Other color and markings are normal, but with complete absence of reddish brown in the flankings, which is replaced by black.

BLACK CHEEKED HEN: As in normal hen, but will have cock type black cheek patch. The hen's cheek patch color is patchier than the cock's.

<u>GRAY CHEEKED COCK</u>: The Gray Cheek is similar to the normal except that the cheek patch color is overlaid with gray.

<u>GRAY CHEEKED HEN:</u> As in Normal hen, but will have cock type orange cheek patch overlaid with gray. The hen's cheek patch color is patchier than the cock's.

<u>FAWN CHEEKED COCK</u>: The Fawn Cheeked is similar to the Normal except that the cheek patch color of rich dark orange is replaced with fawn.

<u>FAWN CHEEKED HEN</u>: As in Normal hen, but will have cock type cheek patch color. The hen's cheek patch color is patchier than the cock's.

BLACK FACED COCK: As for Normal cock, except that the lores (the normally white feathers between the beak and cheek patch) are black, and the underparts, normally white, are mottled dark brownish black. The flanking can be from the normal rich reddish brown to dark reddish brown, with the normal white spots.

<u>BLACK FACED HEN</u>: As for Normal hen, except that the lores are black, and the underparts are mottled dark brownish black.

BLACK ZEBRA COCK: The nearest thing to a solid black Zebra is produced when the Black Faced, Black Breasted and the Black Cheeked are combined. The cock will have a completely black head and will be black from beak to vent (or black near the beak changing to dark brownish black on the underparts), with only a trace of white ticks or slashes in the flanking.

BLACK ZEBRA HEN: Hens are darker than normal with visual cock markings.

<u>SADDLEBACK COCK AND HEN:</u> A nearly all-white pied with a triangle of the normal ground color across the back, as well as some ground color on the rump.

ZEBRA FINCH COLOR DESCRIPTIONS FOR NON-STANDARDIZED VARIETIES - ADDITIONS

Two additional Zebra Finch color mutations Descriptions for review:

Lightback Silver

Lightback Cream

<u>LIGHTBACK SILVER COCK</u>: The head, neck, back and wings are pale silvery gray. There may be some patchiness to the color. The throat is off-white. The cheek patch is near white. The tear marking, throat and upper chest striping, breast bar and tail bars are charcoal gray. The flanking is pale orange with white spots. The underparts are white.

<u>LIGHTBACKED SILVER HEN</u>: The head, neck, back and wings, tear marking and tail bars as for the cock. The throat and breast are off-white. No cheek patches, throat stripes, breast bars or flanking. Underparts are white.

LIGHTBACK CREAM COCK: The head, neck, back and wings are pale cream. There may be some patchiness to the color. The throat is off-white. The cheek patch is near white. The tear marking, throat and upper chest striping, breast bar and tail bars are pale chocolate. The flanking is pale orange with white spots. The underspots are white.

<u>LIGHTBACK CREAM HEN:</u> The head, neck, back and wings, tear marking and tail bars as for the cock. The throat and breast are off-white. No cheek patches, throat stripes, breast bar or flanking. Underparts are white.

*** Ron Castaner ** NFSS President

Leadership

Board member Aviary and Cage Bird Association of South Florida * ACBASF Show Committee * 20 Years Owner and Operator of a successful business in West Palm Beach

Contributions to Aviculture
Active member of Finchsave and the Red Siskin Project * Numerous publications in Bird Fancier Magazine, Finch and Canary World, Bird Breeder, the NFSS Builetin as well as other Societies'
Newsietters * Contributions to the Pekin Robin and Zebra Standards * Numerous Multi-media Ciub presentations

Personal Accomplishments in Aviculture
Developer of an International online Web Page
"Ask the Expert" devoted to the care and
breeding of Finches * 25 years experience in
breeding of common, rare and endangered
finches * Several years as an NFSS exhibitor

As President of NFSS I will devote the time necessary to meet the high goals of this society. I believe my expertice and experience will help to shape the National Finch and Softbill Society into an even stronger avicultural organization.

THANK YOU

Ron Castaner

OfficialCut-throat Finch Standard

(Amadina fasciata)

The Cut-throat Finch is 4 1/2 to 5 inches long and sexually dimorphic, a sparrow-type bird, slightly larger than a spice finch and broader bodied. It has a short bill of a horny-grey color, wings long and pointed. Tail should exhibit only slight roundness on the end. The iris is brown. Legs and feet are flesh colored. The ground color is a sand or fawn but more on the pink side of these colors. Two slightly curved black bars appear on each feather.

The Cut-throat's nape, forehead and crown should be the sand or fawn color. On the mantle and back the bars may be single and take on an arrowhead shape (more pointed than curved) sometimes they are just a dot of black and the ground color in this area has a pinker tinge than on the head. On the upper tail coverts and rump the barring is broader. Wing tips are creamy white. Wing coverts are a darker greyish brown. Under wings are pinkish fawn. Central tail feathers are brownish-black with outer feathers tipped in white. Upper throat and front of face creamy-white.

THE COCKS: The cock exhibits a broad red band or "ribbon" which extends from ear to ear under the chin, the band on its lower edge is bordered by a thin black line. The male's upper breast under the band is creamy and the abdomen is chestnut. Flanks are pink-fawn with narrow black fringes forming a "scaling pattern".



<u>THE HENS:</u> The hen is essentially the same as the cock, but there is no band under the chin which is a creamy-fawn in color. May have only a hint of color on the belly.

There are three known subspecies:

- 1. Amadina fasciata fasciata described above.
- 2. Amadina fasciata alexanderi found further south of the nominate subspecies. Tends to be duller in its colors with wider black markings.
- 3. Amadina fasciata meridonalis very similar to alexanderi but darker still (without being melanistic) and smaller in size.

On the edges of the territories the varieties interbreed.

The Cut-throat Finch has a tendency to become melanistic in captivity. This is a common fault on the show bench and can be corrected by adding vitamins A&D to the birds diet and a better light program.

These are self-assured birds that will defend their mates, nest, and territory. On the show bench they should portray the confident, steadiness of that attitude. Their comical display of holding their beaks open, waving their heads and raising the feathers on their heads and backs and hissing at a perceived threat gives the impression of a great protector.

Official Parson Finch Standard

(Poephila cincta)

CONFORMATION (45 POINTS) (Distributed as follows)

HEAD, BODY, LEGS, AND FEET: 25 POINTS The beak, head and body should equal three inches, excluding the tail. The body should appear trim and muscular with the cobbiest points on the chest and shoulders. The chest should have a smooth curve. The body should only taper slightly in width, and less in depth to the point where the legs appear from the feathering. From the back of the legs to the tail, the body should taper more gradually but should still appear full. A small portion of the thigh will show below the body and should be of some substance. The back should leave the contour of the neck and carry a straight line to the tail. It should be slightly rounded from shoulder to shoulder and continue a decreasing contour to the tail.

The upper and lower mandible should be smooth, clean, and meet evenly and be free of imperfections. The head should have a gently rounded crown. The broadest point should be just behind the ears. Eyes should be bright and set just above the point where the mandibles meet. From all views the neck should appear broader than the head, and should increase slightly as it approaches the shoulder. The head and neck, less the beak, should equal in length. Legs should be equal, parallel, clean and free of any scaling. Missing toes or nails should be faulted. Nails should be suitable in length to assure proper grip.

<u>TAIL: 15 POINTS</u> the tail should be no longer than two inches. it is short but with the tips of the two central feathers sharply pointed but only a little longer than the rest of the tail.

<u>WINGS: 10 POINTS</u> The wings should be neat and compact and be carried very close to the body. The tips should just meet over the center of the upper tail coverts without crossing or drooping. All flight feathers and coverts must be present, smooth and clean.

CONDITION (25 POINTS)

The Parson Finch should always appear very neat and clean and be in immaculate condition at all times. The feathers, skin, and beak must be clean, smooth and lustrous. The body feathering should be very smooth and look as one big feather, meaning that all feathers should be very tight to the body. Eyes should be bright and the bird should appear alert, vital, and agile.

COLOR AND MARKINGS (20 POINTS)

Head is silvery-gray. Beak, throat patch, and a streak from the base of the beak to the eyes are black. Back is fawn and more brown on the wings. A black bar is over the rump. Under tail coverts are white and tail black. Cinnamon is on the breast and under parts. Flanks have a black patch and under the tail is white. Feet are reddish. Overall length five inches. Three inch body and two inch tail.

STANCE (10 POINTS) (INCLUDING CAGING AND PRESENTATION)

The Parson Finch should stand at about 40 to 45 degrees and not crouch on the perch. It should not be faulted for taking an occasional head down and rump up position, as this is a natural curiosity position. The Parson Finch should be steady and stand looking at the judge, not showing any sign of fear or nervousness. A standard finch box is highly recommended when showing the Parson Finch

1996 Annual Census Report

Census compiled and reported by Steve Hoppin, NFSS Census Chairman

Unfortunately, the status of avian importation continues to have a detrimental effect on NFSS breeders trying to obtain diversified bloodlines or mates for single birds for breeding. Fortunately, the Annual NFSS Census continues to be a valuable tool and beneficial service to finch and softbill breeders by providing the communication link between it's members; it has done so for the past eleven years. Through this voluntary census NFSS is able to identify and recognize the important NFSS breeders and the finch and/or softbill species being kept and/or bred in this country. Census results, published annually in the NFSS Bulletin, provide the necessary information to assist the NFSS membership make contact with other interested parties, share knowledge, and locate needed avian stock and continue with their preservation efforts.

In the '97 Jan-Feb NFSS Bulletin a voluntary census form was published requesting the Society's members to contribute. The brief form requested names and numbers of species (including mutations) being kept in captivity, type of environment/ housing, breeding results, and methods of banding young chicks. In this '96 Census seventy one generous and talented NFSS members from 26 states and Canada volunteered information. A total of two hundred and nine (209) species of various types and mutations are recorded within the next few pages. I think you will find the published and shared census results to he 'user friendly". I will attempt to report later in the year on other statistics obtained throughout the '96 census.

Thank you to all NFSS members who volunteered their time, information and contributed to this important membership service.

I would like to extend an invitation to all NFSS members to please contact me and share their suggestions, comments and enthusiasm regarding the current method of acquiring and supplying you this type information. It is through new ideas, yours, that this census will expand and grow. You can find my name, address, phone, fax, and e-mail elsewhere in this Bulletin under the listing of Panel Judges.

An important reminder to the entire membership that over the past year many area codes have changed across the country. In addition, individuals may relocate to a different geographical location from time to time. Should this census list an incorrect phone number for any participant please contact the Membership Chairman, Lynda Bakula, and provide her with your updated information

this census list an incorrect phone number for any participant please contact the Membership Chairman, Lynda Bakula, and provide her with your updated information for the NFSS membership roster. It is the responsibility of each NFSS member to keep Membership services updated with your current address and phone.

Now, please read on... I trust you will benefit from the information provided.

KEY	LAST	FIRST	MI	PHONE
AK-2626	Skidmore	Donna	G	(907)457-3785
AL-3113	Mc Cloy	Kerri	~	(205) 969-9177
AZ-2954	Pearce	Tammie		(602) 962-8454
CA-1053	Pizzurro	Richard		(408) 927-0734
CA-2238	Huntington	Sally		(619) 452-9423
CA-2271	Lloyd	Gordon		(510) 656-8412
CA-2402	Burge	Dylan		(916) 345-6878
CA-3045	Roulston	Gary		(/ +
3046	Harris	Robbie		(562) 691-2473
CT-1225	Morales	Daniel		(203) 579-1468
CT-3055	Hofer	Denise		(203) 227-1418
GA-3132	Kaitschuck	Gail	K	(706) 736-0105
FL-42	Hoppin	Stephen	L	(941) 997-2237
FL-194	Hurtado	Rolando		(305) 828-3002
FL-490	Laird	Dale		, ,
2276	Laird	Eileen		(407) 657-7989
FL-1406	Piccola	Judy		(941) 939-3680
FL-1450	Lee	Amando		(305) 270-1000
FL-1837	Bennet	Наггу		(904) 720-0691
FL-1876	Almaguer	Daniel		(407)648-5927
FL-2829	Abernathy	Hazel		(904)343-8248
FL-3273	Pelletier	Debi		(561) 336-3912
FL-2544	Schott	David		(941) 922-4581
FL-2735	Martin	Phyllis	K	(813) 737-2504
IL-43	Rood	Tom		(217) 774-5265
IL-1868	Meyers	Karen		(847) 699-0442
IL-2950	Actipes	Greg		(312) 951-6990
IL-3238	Ioannou	Demos	С	(773) 338-9013
IL-3242	Rowan	Richard		(815) 756-9566
KY-3170	Mains	Wayne		(no phone listed)
MA-661	Smith	Diana		(508) 540-3214
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MO-2013

MO-2559

MO-2882

NC-3131

NJ-3294

NY-1251

NY-2004

NY-2687

NY-3274

OH-354

OH-1675

OH-2391

OH-2570

ON-513

OR-1620

OR-2233

OR-2379

OR-2599

PA-1845

SC-795

TN-3024

TN-3047

TX-1813

TX-3138

TX-3149

TX-3280

TX-3309

VA-2905

VA-3293

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Larry

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Vincent

Ursula

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Shirley

Gene

Gary

Laura

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Carla

Clint

Linda

Barrett

Carol.

Lynn

Jillian

Mary

Kristine

Carolyn

Tammy

Kenneth

Julie

Fernando Barbara

F.M. & Jerry

C

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1996 NESS CENSUS REPORT

Aurora (Crimson Wing) Waxbill WI-1644

Bamboo Parrot Finch FL-42

Bearded Barbet OH-354

Bearded (Tit) Reedling CA-3045/3046

Black Bellied Firefinch CA-3045/3046

Blue Capped Waxbill CA-1053, CA-2238, FL-42, FL-490/2276, FL-2829, MA-3052, MO-2013, MO-2882, OH-1675, OH-2391, TN-3047, WA-2581

Black Cheek Waxbill IL-1868

Black Crowned (Capped) Waxbill OR-2379

Black Crested Finch FL-42, FL-490/2276

Black Hooded (Red) Siskin FL-42, FL-490/2276

Black Headed Siskin FL-42

Blue Faced Parrot Finch FL-1837, FL-1876, FL-3273, OH-2570/2571, TN-3024, TX-3138, TX-3309

Blue Faced Parrot Finch, Lutino FL-1876, TX-3309, TX-3149

Brazillian (Red Crested) Cardinal CA-2238, CA-3045/3046, OH-354

Bronze Wing Mannikin FL-2735, IL-3238, MO-1668

Button Quail TX-3138

Cherry (Plumhead) Finch FL-194, OH-1675

Cherry (Plumhead) Finch, Fawn TX-3149, OR-2233

Chestnut Breasted Mannikin NY-2004, OR-2233

Chestnut Flanked White Eye (Zosterop) OH-354, ON-513

Cinnamon Breated Bunting FL-490/2276

Collared Warbling Finch OH-354

Cordon Bleu (Red Cheeked) Waxbill CA-2238, CA-3045/3046, CT-3055, FL-42, FL-1837, FL-3273, IL-1868, MO-2013, NY-2687, OR-2379, PA-1845/1846

Combassou Wydah FL-490/2276, MO-1668

Crimson Crowned (Fire Crowned) Bishop Weaver CA-3045/3046

Crimson Pileated (Red Crested Finch) FL-490/2276

Crested Mynah (Chinese Crested Mynah) MI-441

Cuban Olive Finch (Yellow Faced Grassquit) CA-2402

Cutthroat (Ribbon) Finch GA-3132

Cuban Melodious Finch (Cuban Grassquit) FL-194, FL-1450

Diamond Dove AK-2646, CA-2402, IL-3242, MA-661, NJ-3294/3295,

NY-1251

- Diamond Sparrow (Firetail) CA-2238, CA-2402, FL-490/2276, FL-1450, TX-1813, TX-3149, OR-2233
- Diamond Sparrow (Firetail), Fawn FL-1450, TX-1813, TX-3149, OR-2233
- Diamond Sparrow (Firetail), Yellow Rump TX-1813, OR-2233
- Dybowski Twinspot NY-2687, OR-2233
- European Goldfinch CA-3045/3046, NJ-3294/3295
- Fire Finch CA-2238, MI-2903
- Fischers (Straw tailed) Wydah CA-3045/3046
- Gold Breasted Waxbill AK-2646, CA-2238, CA-3045/3046, FL-42, IL-1868, MA-3052,NY-1251, NY-2687, PA-1845/1846, WI-1644
- Gold Breasted Bunting NY-1251
- Golden Song Sparrow CA-3045/3046
- Gouldian CA-2238, CA-2271, IL-2950, MI-2903, MO-1668, OR-1620
- Gouldian, Normal AL-3113, FL-42, FL-194, FL-1450, IL-3242, MA-3014, MA-3052, MO-2882, ON-513, TX-3309, WA-2581
- Gouldian, Black Head AZ-2954, AK-2646, CT-3055, FL-42, FL-1406, FL-1837, FL-3273, GA-3132, NY-1251, NY-2004, OH-1675. OH-2391, OH-2570/2571, OR-2599, PA-1845/1846, TX-3138. TX-3149, WI-2923
- Gouldian, Orange Head FL-42, FL-1837, FL-3273, GA-3132, MA-3014, NY-1251, NY-2004, OH-2570/2571, OR-2599, TX-3138, WI-2923
- Gouldian, Red Head AZ-2954, AK-2646, CA-2238, CT-3055, FL-42, FL-1406, FL-2829, FL-3273, GA-3132, KY-3170, NY-1251, NY-2004, OH-1675, OH-2391, OH-2570/2571, OR-2599, PA-1845/1846, TX-1813, TX-3138, TX-3149, VA-2905. WA-2581, WI-2923
- Gouldian, Red Head/Lavendar Breast TX-1813
- Gouldian, White Breast FL-194, MA-3014
- Gouldian, Black Head/White Breast FL-42, FL-1406, FL-3273, OH-1675, OH-2391, OH-2570,/2571, OR-2599, PA-1845/1846, TX-1813. WA-2581
- Gouldian, Orange Head/White Breast AZ-2954, FL-42, FL-1406, FL-3273, OH-2570/2571, OR-2599, WI-2923
- Gouldian, Red Head/White Breast FL-42, FL-1406, FL-1837, FL-3273. KY-3170, NY-2004, OH-1675, OH-2391, OH-2570/2571, OR-2599, PA-1845/1846, WA-2581
- Gouldian, Yellow Body AL-3113, FL-194, FL-1406, FL-1450, FL-3273.
- MA-3014, NY-1251, OH-1675, TX-3138, TX-3309
- Gouldian, Black Head/Purple Breast/ Yellow Body CT-3055, OH-2391 Gouldian, Black Head/White Breast/ Yellow Body CT-3055, FL-1837
- Gouldian, Orange Head/Purple Breast/Yellow Body CT-3055,
- OH-2570/2571
- Gouldian, Orange Head/White Breast/Yellow Body OH-2391. FL-42

- Gouldian, Red Head/Lilac Breast/Yellow Body FL-42
- Gouldian, Red Head/Purple Breast/Yellow Body CT-3055, NY-2004, OH-2570/2571, OR-2599, OH-3170
- Gouldian, Red Head/White Breast/Yellow Body FL-490/2276, FL-1406, FL-1837, OH-2391, OH-2570/2571
- Gouldian, Blue Body FL-194, FL-1450, FL-3273, MA-3014, ON-513, TX-3309
- Gouldian, Black Head/ Liliac Breast/Blue Body OH-2391
- Gouldian, Black Head/Purple Breast/Blue Body OH-2391, OH-2570/2571, OR-2599, WA-2581
- Gouldian, Black Head/White Breast/Blue Body CT-3055, FL-1837, OH-2570/2571, PA-1845/1846, WA-2581
- Gouldian, Red Head/Purple Breast/Blue Body CT-3055. FL-490/2276, OH-2391, OR-2599, TX-1813, WA-2581
- Gouldian. Red Head/White Breast/Blue Body FL-490/2276, WA-2581 Gouldian, Silver Body OR-2599
- Gouldian. Black Head/White Breast/ Silver Body OH-2391
- Gouldian. Orange Head/White Breast/Silver Body FL-1837
- Gouldian. White Body OH-2570/2571, TX-1813
- Gouldian, Dilute CT-3055, FL-1406, FL-3273, TX-3149, TX-3309
- Gouldian, Black Head/Dilute OH-2570/2571, MN-2985
- Gouldian, Orange Head/Dilute CT-3055, FL-1837, OH-2570/2571
- Gouldian, Red Head/Dilute CT-3055, KY-3170, OH-2391, OH-2570/2571
- Gouldian, Orange Head/White Breast/ Dilute OH-2391
- Gouldian, Red Head/Lavendar Breast TX-1813
- Gray Singing Finch CA-3045/3046, OR-1620
- Green Backed Twinspot IL-1868
- Green Glossy Starling FL-490/2276
- Green Singing Finch AK-2646, CA-3045/3046, FL-1837, FL-2544, FL-2829, GA-3132, MO-2013, NY-3274, OR-1620, PA-1845/1846, SC-795, TN-3047, WI-2923
- Grey Plaintain-Eater OH-354
- Jacarini (Blue Black Grassquit) CA-3045/3046
- Jamesons Firefinch CA-3045/3046, ON-513
- Java Sparrow (Rice Bird) FL-490/2276, FL-2829, FL-3273, MI-441, MO-1668, OR-1620
- Java Sparrow (Rice Bird), Pied FL-490/2276
- Java Sparrow (Rice Bird), White FL-3273
- Lavender Waxbill FL-490/2276, MO-2013, OR-2379
- Lilac Breasted Roller OH-354
- Magpie (Giant) Mannikin CA-3045/3046
- Masked (Hex) Grass Finch OH-1675, OH-2570/2571, ON-513
- Melba Waxbill (Green Winged Pytilia) FL-1876

Moluccan (Munia) Mannikin CA-3045/3046, OR-2233

Napolean Weaver CA-3045/3046, FL-1876

Orange Cheek Waxbill AK-2646, CA-2238, CA-3045/3046, FL-42, FL-490/2276, FL-1837, FL-2735, NJ-3294/3295, OR-2379, PA-1845/1846, TN-3024, NY-2687

Orange Bishop (Red) Weaver FL-490/2276, FL-1876, FL-2735, GA-3132, NY-1251, TX-3280

Orange Wing Pytilia CA-3045/3046

Owl (Bicheno) Finch AL-3113, CA-2238, CA-2402, FL-194, FL-1837, FL-1876, GA-3132, KY-3170, MA-3052, MO-2882, NY-2004, OH-1675, OH-2391, OH-2571/2570, ON-513, OR-2599, PA-1845/1846, TN-3024, TX-1813, TX-2271, TX-3138, TX-3149, TX-3309, VA-2905, WA-2581

Owl (Bicheno) Finch, Black Rump AL-3113, WA-2581

Pagoda (Black Capped) Mynah FL-490/2276

Painted Finch CA-1053

Pale Headed (Nun) Munia OR-2233

Paradise Wydah CA-3045/3046, FL-42, FL-490/2276

Parson (Black Throated) Finch CA-1053, FL-1450, MA-661, NY-2004, TX-3149

Parson, Cream CA-1053

Pearl (Grey) Headed (Silverbill/Mannikin) Amadine CA-2238, FL-490/2276, OR-2233, WI-1644

Pekin Robin (Nightingale) AK-2646, CA-2238, CT-3055, NJ-3294/3295, OH-354, ON-513, WI-2923

Persa Touraco FL-490/2276

Peters Twinspot CA-3045/3046, FL-490/2276, FL-1837, NY-2687, OR-2233

Pictorella (Mannikin) Finch FL-42, OR-2233

Pintailed Wydah CA-3045/3046, FL-2735, GA-3132

Purple Grenadier CA-3045/3046, FL-42, FL-194, MN-2985

Queen Wydah FL-490/2276

Red Crested Touraco FL-490/2276

Red Ear (Black Rumped) Waxhill AK-2646, CA-3045/3046, FL-490/2276, MO-2013, PA-1845/1846

Red Faced (Niassa) Crimson Wing FL-42

Red Headed Finch CA-2238, CA-3045/3046, FL-42

Red Headed Parrot Finch CA-1053, CA-2238, CA-2402, CT-3055, FL-42, FL-194, FL-490/2276, FL-1450, FL-1837, FL-1876, FL-2829, KY-3170, MA-3052, MI-2903, OH-1675, OR-2599, TX-3149

Red Headed Parrot Finch, Pied FL-490/2276

Red Headed Parrot Finch, Sea Green FL-42

Ringneck (Barbary) Dove NJ-3294/3295

Rosey Rumped Waxbills NY-2687

Rufous Back (Blue Billed) Mannikin CA-3045/3046, MA-661

Saffron Finch CA-3045/3046

Senegal (Red billed) Firefinch CA-3045/3046, FL-42, FL-490/2276, GA-3132, MO-2013, PA/1845/1846

Shaftail AL-3113, CA-1053, CA-2271, FL-490/2276, FL-1450, MA-661, OH-1675, OH-2391, PA-1845/1846, TX-3138, TX-3149

Shaftail, Cream FL-490/2276, OH-2391

Shaftail, Fawn CA-1053, FL-1450, TX-3138, TX-3309

Shaftail, White AL-3113, CA-1053, TX-3138, TX-3149

Shama Thrush ON-513

Silverbill, African CA-2402, KY-3170, SC-795

Silverbill, Indian CA-2402, OR-2233, PA-1845/1846

Silver-eared Mesia OH-354

Society Finch AL-3113, AK-2646, CA-2271, CA-3045/3046, CT-3055, FL-490/2276, FL-1406, FL-2829, IL-3238, MA-3052, MI-2903, MO-1668, NY-1251, ON-513, OR-1620, TN-3024, TX-3138, TX-3280, TX-3309, WI-2923

Society Finch. Chestnut & White MA-661. MO-2559, OR-2233. PA-1845/1846, WA-2581

Society Finch, Chestnut & White/Dilute MO-2559

Society Finch, Self Chestnut FL-42, MA-3014, WA-2581

Society Finch, Chocolate & White KY-3170, OH-2570/2571, OR-2233, MA-661, MO-2559, NY-2004, OH-2391,

PA-1845/1846, TX-1813, WA-2581

Society Finch, Dilute Chocolate & White WA-2581

Society Finch, Chocolate & White/Crested MA-2661

Society Finch, Self Chocolate CA-1053, FL-42, FL-1406, MA-3014, MN-2985, OH-2570/2571, PA-1845, 1846, VA-2905, WA-2581

Society Finch, Dilute Self Chocolate WA-2581

Society Finch, Fawn FL-1406, Il-3242, KY-3170

Society Finch, Fawn & White MA-3014, MO-2559, NY-2004, OH-2391, OH-2570/2571, OR-2233, PA-1845/1846, WA-2581

Society Finch, Fawn & White/Dilute FL-42, MO-2559, OR-2233

Society Finch, Self Fawn FL-42, MA-3014, MN-2985, PA-1845/1846, WA-2581

Society Finch, Self White CA-2238, MA-3014, OR-2233

Society Finch, Crested KY-3170, VA-2905, VA-3293

Society Finch, Chestnut & White Crested WA-2581

Society Finch, Self Chestnut Crested OR-2233, WA-2581

Society Finch, Chocolate & White Crested WA-2581

Society Finch, Dilute Chocolate & White Crested WA-2581

Society Finch, Self Chocolate Crested WA-2581

Society Finch, Fawn & White Crested PA-1845/1846, WA-2581

Society Finch, Fawn & White Dilute Crested PA-1845/1846

Society Finch, Self Fawn Crested WA-2581

Society Finch, Self Chocolate Crested PA-1845/1846

Society Finch, Tri-color MA-661

Spice (Nutmeg) Finch AK-2646, CA-2402, FL-2735, GA-3132

Star Finch CA-2402, FL-42, FL-490/2276, FL-1837, IL-3238, MI-2903,

NY-1251, NY-2004, OH-1675, OR-2379, TX-3138, TX-3149 Star Finch, Yellow Face CA-2402, CT-3055, FL-42, FL-1837, NY-1251

St. Helena (Common) Waxbill CA 3045/3046, FL-42, FL-490/2276, FL-1837

Strawberry Waxbill (Red Avadavat) AK-2646, CA-1053, CT-3055, FL-490/2276, FL-3273, IL-1868, MI-2903, MI-3096, ON-513, OR 2370, SC 705, TX 2300, WI 1644

OR-2379, SC-795, TX-3309, WI-1644 Streaky Seedeater CA-3045/3046

Superb (Spreo) Starling FL-490/2276

Sydney (Red Browed) Waxbill ON-513

Timor Sparrow CA-3045/3046

Tri-colored Nun FL-490/2276, KY-3170, OR-2233

Tri-coloured (Blue Breasted) Parrot Finch CA-1053, FL-1876

Troupial FL-490/2276

Violet Eared Waxbill NY-2004

White Backed (Striated) Munia CA-2402

White Hooded Nun FL-490/2276, GA-3132,

White Eye (Oriental White Eye/Zosterop) FL-490/2276, Oh-354

Yellow Eyed Canary CA-3045/3046

Yellow Rumped Serin CA-3045/3046, FL-490/2276, OR-1620

Yellow Throated Bunting CA-3045/3046

Zehra Finch, Grey (Normal) AL-3113, FL-1450, FL-2829, FL-3273, IL-3238, MA-661, MA-3052, MI-2903, MN-2985, NC-3131, OR-1620, OR-2233, PA-1845/1846, TX-3138, TX-3280, VA-3293,

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Zebra Finch, Orange Breasted Grey WA-2581, OR-2233

Zebra Finch, Orange Breast Black Breast Grey WA-2581

Zebra Finch, Black Breasted CT-1225, MA-661, MA-3052, WA-2581

Zebra Finch, Black Breasted Lightback CT-1225

Zebra Finch, Black Cheeked CA-3045/3046, MN-2985, WA-2581

Zebra Finch, Black Faced MN-2985

Zebra Finch, Cream CA-3045/3046, MA-661

Zehra Finch, Cream Lightback MN-2985

Zebra Finch, Chestnut Flanked White CT-1225, FL-2829, MA-661, MA-3052, NC-3131, OR-2233, VA-3293, WA-2581

Zehra Finch, Orange Breasted Chestnut Flanked White WA-2581

Zebra Finch, Crested MA-661, WA-2581

Zebra Finch, Fawn CT-1225, IL-3242, MA-661, MA-3052, NC-3131, WA-2581

Zebra Finch, Black Breasted Fawn WA-2581

Zebra Finch, Orange Breasted Fawn WA-2581

Zebra Finch, Orange Breast Black Breast Fawn WA-2581

Zebra Finch, Fawn Cheeked WA-2581

Zebra Finch, Grey Cheeked WA-2581

Zebra Finch, Florida Fancy MA-661, WA-2581

Zebra Finch, Isabel MN-2985

Zebra Finch, Penguin MA-661, WA-2581

Zebra Finch, Penquin, Crest VA-3293

Zebra Finch, Penguin Fawn, WA-2581

Zebra Finch, Phaeo CT-1225, WA-2581

Zebra Finch, Pied AL-3113, KY-3170, WA-2581

Zebra Finch, Silver CA-3045/3046, MA-661, MA-3052, NC-3131

Zebra Finch. Silver - Recessive OR-2233

Zebra Finch, Silver Lightback MN-2985

Zebra Finch, Silver - Pastel OR-2233

Zebra Finch, White FL-3273, KY-3170, NC-3131, PA-1845/1846, TX-3309, VA-3293

Zebra Finch/English CA-2238, MO-1668, ON-513, WA-2581

Zebra Finch/English, Chestnut Flanked White AL-3113, CA-2238, FL-490/2276, ON-513, PA-1845/1846

Zebra Finch/English, Orange Breasted Chestnut Flanked White CA-2238

Zebra Finch/English, Cream IL-43

Zebra Finch/English, Cream - Dominant AL-3113

Zebra Finch/ English, Grey (Normal) CA-2238, IL-43, IL-3242

Zebra Finch/English, Orange Breasted Grey CA-2238

Zebra Finch/English, Fawn AL-3113, IL-43, PA-1845/1846

Zebra Finch/English, Black Breasted Fawn AL-3113

Zebra Finch/English, Florida Fancy AL-3113

Zebra Finch/English, Pied AL-3113

Zebra Finch/English, Silver CA-2238, IL-43

Zebra Finch/English, Silver - Dominant AL-3113, WA-2581

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NATIONAL FINCH AND SOFTBILL SOCIETY BYLAWS

Adopted by the Board of Directors on Sunday, March 15, 1987, amended February 1994, and replaces those adopted on November 10, 1983 and September 8, 1985.

These bylaws have been adopted by at least a two-thirds majority of those members responding to a ballot acceptance as published in the official *Bulletin* of the Society. These bylaws are on file with the Secretary of State's office in Hartford, Connecticut.

ARTICLE 1 - NAME OF THE ORGANIZATION

This organization shall be known as the National Finch and Softbill Society, Inc. It shall also be known in a more casual manner as "NFSS".

ARTICLE 2 - STATUS

The National Finch and Softbill Society, Inc. is a nonprofit organization incorporated under the laws of the State of Connecticut. All necessary data is on file at the Secretary of State's office, Arch Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06105.

ARTICLE 3 - HOME OFFICE

The principal office of the Society shall be 18913 Boston St. NW, Elk River, Minnesota, or other address as the Board of Directors may from time to time select.

ARTICLE 4 - PURPOSE OF THE SOCIETY

Recognizing a lack of organization amongst exhibitors and breeders of Finches and Softbilled birds, and in view of the increased interest in them, we propose to: encourage breeding programs, enhance the knowledge of our members in keeping and care of these birds, cooperate with organizations for the preservation of aviculture in this country, and introduce the enjoyment of keeping and breeding Finches and Softbills to all interested parties.

ARTICLE 5 - CALENDAR YEAR

The calendar year of this Society shall be January 1 through December 31.

ARTICLE 6 - OFFICERS

PARAGRAPH ONE

<u>President</u>: The President of the Society shall preside over all Board of Directors meetings of this Society. The President shall also preside at the National annual meeting. The President shall attend to the day-to-day operations of the Society, shall abide by the bylaws of the Society, and shall coordinate and delegate the activities of the other officers of this Society.

PARAGRAPH TWO

<u>First Vice-President</u>: Shall fill the position of the President in absentia. Shall be first in succession to fill the position of the President should the President be unable to fill his term. The First Vice-President shall coordinate the activities of, and be responsible for all Regional Vice-Presidents.

PARAGRAPH THREE

<u>Second Vice-President</u>: Shall be second in line to the Presidency and first in line to succeed the First Vice-President. The Second Vice-President shall chair the Education Committee and coordinate the educational programs of the Society. The Second Vice-President shall also chair the Publishing Committee as well as sit on all Committees of the Society.

PARAGRAPH FOUR

The Third Vice-President: Shall be in charge of "FINCHSAVE" the captive breeding program of the Society. He shall participate in the committee and guide the captains and breeders involved in the program.

PARAGRAPH FIVE

<u>The Fourth Vice-President</u>: Must be a NFS Panel Judge as he shall serve as the Panel Director. The Fourth Vice-President shall also chair the Research and Standards Committee and be in charge of Specie Classifications. He shall also be responsible for shows or exhibitions of the Society and member points arising therefrom.

PARAGRAPH SIX

<u>Corresponding Secretary</u>: Shall be responsible for all correspondence of the Society. The Corresponding Secretary shall also serve as the Membership Chairman for the Society.

PARAGRAPH SEVEN

Recording Secretary: Shall be responsible for the minutes of all Board of Directors meetings of the Society. Will further direct the recording of all minutes of special or national membership meetings that may be called from time

to time. Will present to the President or Bulletin Editor a copy of all meeting minutes of this Society.

PARAGRAPH EIGHT

Treasurer: Shall be responsible for the collection and keeping of all Society funds and assessments. Shall maintain a bank account, and deposit Society funds in the account under the name the National Finch and Softbill Society, Inc.. All funds, with the exception of the operating funds, are to be kept in a savings account. The Treasurer will pay with Society funds, kept in a checking account, all debts incurred by the Society at the directions of the Board of Directors. Society funds shall be used for the Society business only.

PARAGRAPH NINE

<u>Leg Band Secretary</u>: Shall be responsible for the ordering and issuance of official leg bands of the Society in accordance with the then policy of the Society. The Leg Band Secretary shall report to the Treasurer of the Society.

PARAGRAPH TEN

<u>Chief Liaison Officer</u>: Shall be responsible for the interrelationships between "NFS" and other national and local avicultural organizations. He will also assist Regional Vice-Presidents with club affiliations. The office of Liaison is an appointed office by the Board of Directors.

PARAGRAPH ELEVEN

Regional Vice-President: Shall be responsible for encouraging membership and club affiliation in the National Finch and Softbill Society within a given region. Regional Vice-Presidents are responsible to the First Vice-President. Regional Vice-Presidents are to encourage at least one membership meeting within their regions annually.

ARTICLE 7 - BOARD OF DIRECTORS

PARAGRAPH ONE

The Board of Directors shall consist of all elected and appointed officers of the Society. The Board may at its pleasure ask a past Director to serve a term of one year only, on the present Board for the purpose of a smooth and orderly transition of Society business.

PARAGRAPH TWO

All matters of business of the Society shall be conducted by the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis, on the first Sunday of each quarter, or at an alternative time, occasioned by a National Holiday or other necessity. Emergency meetings may be held at any time deemed necessary by at least four

Board members. The Fall Board Meeting shall be held in conjunction with the National Show of the Society. The Winter and Spring and Summer meetings may be held at a location as designated by the Board.

PARAGRAPH THREE

Any elected or appointed officer of the Society found by the Board to be injurious to the Society, may be removed from office by a two thirds vote of all Directors. To be injurious to the Society, a violation of the bylaws or a flagrant action against the good of the Society must have taken place. A written complaint against said officer must be signed by at least two Board members and must be received by the Corresponding Secretary by certified mail in order to be considered by the Whole Board.

PARAGRAPH FOUR

The Board of Directors may not occasion a meeting without first sending a notice to all Board members. Such a notice must be postmarked at least ten days prior to said meeting. Emergency meetings may take place when four members of the Board deem it necessary, without written notice. During an emergency meeting of the Board, no action may be taken on the removal of an officer or on an amendment to these Bylaws.

ARTICLE 8 - COMMITTEES

PARAGRAPH ONE

The President or Board of Directors may form a committee for the purpose of carrying out the goals and administration of the Society, without amendment

PARAGRAPH TWO

Membership Committee: The Membership Committee shall conduct the membership affairs of the Society, and shall from time to time conduct drives to increase the membership of the Society. It shall promote the Society at any event held nationally or locally in the avicultural field unless such promotion should be contrary to the sponsoring organization's policy. The Membership Committee shall be chaired by the Treasurer of the Society.

PARAGRAPH THREE

<u>Show Committee</u>: The Show Committee, chaired by the Fourth Vice-President, shall be responsible for the annual show of the Society. It shall be responsible for the day-to-day activities required to achieve said exhibition, and shall be immediately responsible to the Board of Directors.

PARAGRAPH FOUR

Publishing Committee: The Publishing Committee, chaired by the Second Vice-President, shall be responsible for all publications of this Society. It shall produce and edit a bi-monthly bulletin for the membership of the Society. It shall produce a Handbook or yearbook for the Society, and any other publications as directed by the Board of Directors.

PARAGRAPH FIVE

Research Committee: Shall conduct research on a given subject at the pleasure of the Board of Directors, and will assist members of the Society with matters of avicultural interest.

PARAGRAPH SIX

<u>Education Committee</u>: This committee will assist its chairman, the Second Vice-President, in developing educational programs for the members of this Society.

PARAGRAPH SEVEN

<u>Standards Committee</u>: The Standards Committee shall work with the Judges Panel and other interested parties in an ongoing effort to establish Standards of Perfection for the individual species.

PARAGRAPH EIGHT

<u>Judges Panel</u>: Shall consist of all approved judges in accordance with the standards set forth by the Society. The procedure for nominating a judge for the Judges Panel shall consist of a written application by the potential judge, and nomination by at least two members of the Judges Panel. Nomination by the Judges Panel may not take place until the potential judge has completed apprenticeship and testing under the formula as then required by the Board of Directors of the society. Final approval of a new judge shall be by the Board of Directors with a majority vote of the Board.

PARAGRAPH NINE

Apprentice Judge: An Apprentice Judge is a member of the Society who has applied to the chairman of the Judges Panel for the apprenticeship program. A copy of the requirements and program are found in the NFS Judges Panel Handbook.

PARAGRAPH TEN

Finchsave Committee: The Finchsave Committee shall assist the Director of the program. It shall consist of members designated by the Director and the Board of Directors. This Committee shall help develop and preserve policy in regard to this captive breeding program. Only the Committee may request

funds for the administration of the program. All funds used for the program must be authorized by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE 9 - MEMBERSHIP AND DUES

PARAGRAPH ONE

The dues for membership in the National Finch and Softbill Society shall be determined from time to time by the Board of Directors.

PARAGRAPH TWO

Membership is available to single members as well as dual members. Dual means any two individuals residing at the same address. Any dual membership will receive only one copy of an NFS publication; however, dual members will count as two individual votes in regard to NFS elections or other business.

PARAGRAPH THREE

Junior membership will be available at a reduced rate to any applicant under the age of sixteen.

PARAGRAPH FOUR

If a member's dues remain unpaid for a period exceeding sixty days beyond written or published notice, said member's privileges shall be suspended.

PARAGRAPH FIVE

Membership in the National Finch and Softbill Society is a privilege. Any member who misrepresents the Society, holds Society property without authorization, or in any other way is injurious to this Society as defined in, but not limited to, Article 7, Paragraph 3, may lose bis privileges of membership, and receive a prorated refund of his unused dues. In order to cause action under this paragraph, a member must file a deposit of twenty-five dollars with the Society Treasurer, along with papers which shall support a claim against a member of this Society. Such claim shall be taken up by the Board of Directors. If the claim is ruled legitimate and results in the removal of a member, the claimant will receive his deposit back. If a claim is unfounded, the deposit shall be forfeited by the claimant.

ARTICLE 10 - ELECTIONS

PARAGRAPH ONE

Members elected to hold office in the Society shall serve for a period of two years.

PARAGRAPH TWO

Elections will be held every two years, or as may be occasioned by death or removal of an officer. A ballot, either separate or included in the official bulletin of the Society, shall be postmarked at least sixty days prior to elections. A majority of the ballots counted shall determine the outcome of the vote. A postmark as it pertains to this paragraph may be considered an official US bulk mailing facsimile certificate.

PARAGRAPH THREE

The Board of Directors shall appoint a Nominating Committee, consisting of at least three members, who must produce a slate of officers for the election. The committee shall produce at least one name, and not more than three names for each office. A write-in space must be allowed for each office on the ballot.

PARAGRAPH FOUR

All elections of this Society shall be by secret ballot only. Ballots will be counted by an appointee of the Board of Directors. Such appointee cannot be an elected officer of the Society.

ARTICLE 11 - QUORUM

PARAGRAPH ONE

The Board of Directors, having sole authority to conduct the business of the Society, shall decide matters by a simple majority of those present at the Board meeting. A director's votes received by mail shall be considered as if the Board member were present.

PARAGRAPH TWO

At least four members of the Board must be present in order for the Board to conduct business at a meeting.

PARAGRAPH THREE

General membership votes on matters of the Society are only considered for the election of officers, the amendment of bylaws, or as otherwise set forth by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE 12 - MEMBERSHIP MEETING

PARAGRAPH ONE

The Society shall have an annual meeting held in conjunction with the National Show of the Society.

PARAGRAPH TWO

The annual meeting of the Society shall consist of a State of the Society report given by the President, an annual Treasurer's report, and a more casual discussion period when members may make their views known to the Board of Directors.

PARAGRAPH THREE

Regional meetings may be held at the direction of the Regional Vice-Presidents. Business is not conducted at regional meetings. These meetings are for the general membership of the Society and are primarily to discuss ideas which may be presented to the Board of Directors. These meetings may also sponsor educational programs for the membership.

ARTICLE 13 - AMENDMENTS TO THE BYLAWS PARAGRAPH ONE

Amendments to the bylaws must be sponsored by at least two members of the Society and received by the Corresponding Secretary by certified mail.

PARAGRAPH TWO

Amendments to the bylaws must be published in a newsletter of the Society at least 30 days prior to the next Board of Directors meeting. Any general change in the bylaws must be approved by ballot of the general membership.

PARAGRAPH THREE

Urgent actions may be considered by the Board of Directors for earlier disposition. Such actions shall not constitute a change of bylaws in regard to paragraph two of this article.

PARAGRAPH FOUR

Any amendment to the bylaws of this Society must be approved by two thirds of those responding. Any such ballot may only be opened at a regularly scheduled meeting of the Board of Directors, or at any time designated by at least four Board Members.

ARTICLE 14 - ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

The bylaws hereby set forth in Article 1 through 14 shall be considered the articles of incorporation of the National Finch and Softbill Society Inc., and may not be changed in any way, subject to the terms of Article 13 paragraphs 1 through 4, as included herein.

National Finch and Softbill Society FINCHSAVE PROGRAM

FINCHSAVE— Definition and Purpose

Long term goal: To have an established consortium of breeders of finches and softbills dedicated to producing and maintaining a viable captive bred population of finches and softbills in the United States.

Short term goal: Consistent breeding success with participating species.

We hope to accomplish these goals through a cooperative effort of education, assistance and careful documentation of breeding results.

FINCHSAVE Requirements

Participants must meet the following requirements in order to participate in FINCHSAVE:

Participant must be an NFSS member.



- 2. Participant must agree to close band chicks with recommended size NFSS bands.
- 3. Participant must agree to complete a brief annual report.

Participants are no longer required to have a minimum number of pairs but are encouraged to start with atleast 3 unrelated pairs of birds if possible.

All but the following finches and softbills will be accepted into the program: Zebra Finches, Gouldians, Shafttails, Java Rice Birds, Society (Bengalese) Finches, any hybridized bird. The above mentioned birds are excluded because of their known availability or questionable genetic purity. The Timor Zebra Finch will be accepted into the program if it can be documented as the distinct different Timor variety.

In return FINCHSAVE will assist participants in the following:

- 1. Provide benefits of NFSS membership including free FINCHSAVE ads, informative articles in *The NFSS Bulletin* and access to the NFSS census.
- 2. Assist participants by providing information on: where to obtain birds, I.D. bird bands, maintaining specific species.
- 3. Keep participants informed of program progress through newsletter or NFSS *Bulletin*
- 4. Recognize participant accomplishments with their species.

FINCHSAVE Structure

Program Director: Administers program and handles routine issues as they arise. The Director will have a committee to assist with these responsibilities, so the workload can be distributed and better handled.

FINCHSAVE Committee:

Appointed by the NFSS board. Will assist Director with setting policy and advise Director as needed

Group Managers will supervise and provide assistance to Species Captains or performs the duties of Species Captains where needed. They will assist program director in developing management plans for species in their group. Criteriia for Group Manager is to have had successful

breeding experience with two or more species in their group. Group Managers will head the following seven groups.

- 1. Australian and Parrot Finches
- 2 All Waxbills
- 3. All Mannikins
- 4. All other African Finches
- 5. All European Finches
- 6. All South American finches
- All softbilled birds

Further changes in group setups may be made in the future as needed

Species Captains are responsible for gathering information from participants, assisting in obtaining birds, monitoring bloodlines and communicating with and assisting the Director and participants as needed. Criteria for Species Captains is that they have successfully bred their species.

The original program structure has been maintained except for the addition of the Director's committee. Changes in the program will be made as the need arises. For information or input contact the FINCHSAVE Director.

Explanation of Requirements

- 1. FINCHSAVE is an official NFSS program for members. NFSS membership is also required to purchase the closed traceable bands. We welcome participation and cooperation with other groups.
- 2. Record keeping is extremely important in this type of program. Closed banding using NFSS bands enables the breeder to identify the bird's year of hatching. By using band numbers the breeder can accurately document the family background of each offspring. Since NFSS' band secretary records all band numbers, the breeder of a banded bird may be traced. NFSS has a size guideline for banding different species. If birds are properly banded and safely housed, losses due to banding problems are minimal. We have alternatives to banding chicks in the nest when disturbances are not tolerated by a species. We will explore alternatives to banding under exceptional circumstances.
- 3. We have eliminated the three pair minimum requirement but emphasize the need to preserve genetic diversity. With fewer bird it is important to use only unrelated birds to avoid inbreeding. Short of genetic testing of each bird, the best way to obtain different bloodlines is to purchase birds from a reliable source who can give background information. If purchasing wild caught

birds, try to pair them up with other birds you have, captive bred, if possible. We realize that diversity may not always be possible with very rare species.

It is advisable to periodically obtain new bloodlines due to short breeding life of most finches. New bloodlines are often needed for pairing up with newly produced offspring. We anticipate using the NFSS census as well as other sources to assist participants in locating breeders.

4. We need information from our breeder to learn more about keeping and breeding each species. This includes: number of birds raised, number of birds lost, breeding set ups, etc. We anticipate writing up species management plans for each species and sharing this information with all participants. Participants will be kept informed through the NFSS Bulletin or FINCHSAVE newsletter. Participants are encouraged to contact the Species Captains, Group Managers or Director for assistance when needed.

Birds are <u>not</u> purchased by the FINCHSAVE Program. Participants must obtain their own birds. We will help in locating them when possible. All offspring produced in the program belong to the participant.

Excluded Species

As previously mentioned, the excluded species are believed to be commonly raised in this country, hybrids or birds of questionable background. This does not mean that we don't care about these birds, there are just to so many species to be bred. As a generalization, many of the Australian species were raised in captivity when Australia halted avian exports. There are some species that were not well established and are still quite rare in American aviculture

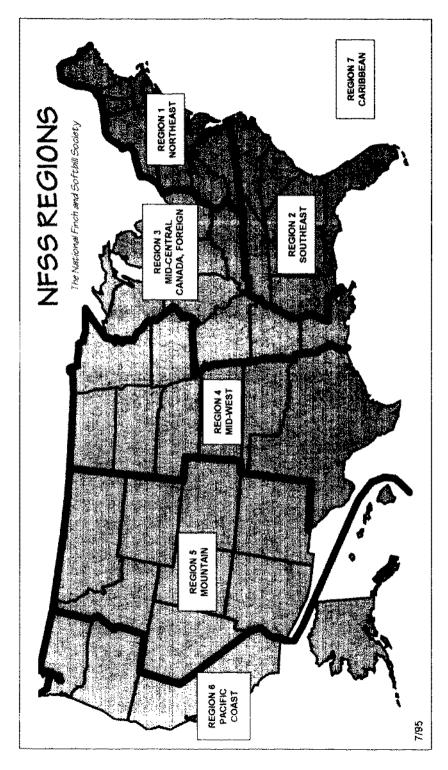
On the other hand, there are many African, South American, European and Asian Species which have been readily available through importation and therefore were not being raised in this country in significant numbers. Their breeding presents more of a challenge with very little financial reward. These include but are not limited Waxbills, Weavers and Serins, the Wild Bird Conservation Act of 1992 has had a significant impact and emphasizes the need establish these species or lose them.

Since we do not have a way of knowing what finches and softbills are kept in this country, and are faced with the continuing problem of habitat destruction, our emphasis and exclusions may change as we learn more. We will keep all NFSS members informed of participating species in the program.

We encourage concentration on normal coloring as sometimes continued breeding of the normal variety is overlooked in favor of the newer color mutations. We are in no way discouraging breeding of the mutations, but are interested in maintaining a balanced breeding effort for all varieties. There may come a time when we will be called upon to provide species for repopulation of their natural habitats. In order to do this we must preserve their natural characteristics.

Club Participation

Bird clubs can and are encourage to sponsor a species for participation in FINCHSAVE. It is required that the club and the species being representative be members of The National Finch and Softbill Society. One person (specific representative) can be assigned the task of gathering information needed for banding, annual reports and other feedback to FINCHSAVE. We are not requiring every individual involved in breeding the species to be an NFSS member. All birds should be closed banded and proper records kept. Contact program director for more information



Founder's Award Recipients

William Parlee, NFSS Founder

The Founder's Award was conceived by Bill Parlee to recognize individuals in our Society that have made outstanding contributions to the finch world. The awards are selected and sponsored by Bill. There is no input from the Board of Directors or any individual regarding these awards. The following are Bill's words about the Founder's Awards.

"Please understand that there are many out there that are deserving of an award for long-time service, holding office, working on projects and in many other areas. My selections are not intended to slight anyone but happen to strike me as people who have had an exciting influence on me and have at the same time made great contributions in their own way to the finch hobby."

Founder's Award - 1989 Russ Armitage, Jr.

"A long overdue award is presented to my friend Russ Armitage for his many, many years of devotion to NFSS and his personal service to me during my tenure as President. Words cannot say enough Thank you, Russ."

Founder's Award - 1990 June and Gene Miller

"For their ever-cheerful appearance and demeanor; for their sharing of knowledge with the less knowledgeable; for their excellence on the show bench and their contributions to NFSS. A Founder's Award to June and Gene Miller."

Founder's Award - 1991 Tom Rood

"This year's Founder's Award goes to a GENTLEMAN (and that is in capitols) who tirelessly worked behind the scenes for NFSS with finch societies from all over the world to obtain and to offer patronage awards from and to many different clubs on many continents. To our NFSS Ambassador, Tom Rood."

"To all these recipients, and to all other NFSS officers and members who have contributed so much to NFSS over the years . . . 1 salute you!!" Steve Hoppin

From 1984 to the present

NFSS Exhibition Champions

Honor Roll of Recipients of the

EXHIBITOR OF EXCELLENCE AWARD

Through **1996** Show Season Cecil Gunby 1,987

Hal Koontz 1,987 Brenda Geesey 1,988 Marty von Reasfeld 1,988

Brian Mandarich 1,989

Gene and June Miller 1.989 Kris Kroper 1.990

Richard Lujan 1.990

Tom Rood 1,990 Marvin Yoder 1,990

John Dapas 1.991

Mary and Steve Payne 1.991

Alvin and Dixie Lea 1,992

Pat and Mary Krichten

Patrick Vance 1,992

Dennis Burhans 1.994

Frank and Sandy Hudson 1.995
Dale and Eileen Laird 1,995

Rick Szlachta 1.995

Chris Voronovitch 1,995

Jerri Wiesenfeld 1,996

CHAMPION BIRDS

Through 1996 Show Season

1991

Normal Java Rice Bird 82 points (NFS-K-245-'90) Kris Kroner

Dilute Society Finch (NFS-E-87-'89) 56 points Tom Rood

Normal Zebra Finch 52 points (NFS-C-30-'87) Tom Rood

1994

1.989

1.992

Fawn Diamond Sparrow 61 points (NFS-D-87-'92) Gene & June Miller

<u> 1995</u>

Yellow-rumped Diamond Sparrow (NFS-E-112-'94) Gene & June Miller

Shafttail Finch

(NFS-C-1552-'93) Ellen Buchanan

<u> 1996</u>

European Starling

(SPBE-BRA-15-'93) Jacky Civitarese Persa Touraco (DJL-37-'93) Dale & Eileen Laird

(DJL-37-'93) Java Rice Bird

(NFS-K-493-'94)Dale & Eileen Laird Cinnamon Java Rice Bird

(NFS-K-58-93) Pa

(93) Patrick Vance

CHAMPION EXHIBITORS

Through 1994 Show Season

1985 (Champion achieved with 25 pts)		<u>1988</u>	
	33 pts		176 pts
Robert Travnicek		Marty von Raesfeld	
Robert & Tina Hemenway	26 pts	Cecil Gunby	82 pts
Dick Muench	26 pts	Brenda Geesey	81 pts
		Chris Voronovitch	67 pts
1006 (Chamalan waking digital	40 mts)	Hal Koontz	60 pts
1986 (Champion achieved with	82 pts	Gene & June Miller	54 pts
Hal Koontz	ow pen	Tom Rood	51 pts
Cecil Gunby	74 pts	Steve Hoppin	50 pts
Brian Mandrich	67 pts		
Brenda Geosey	60 pts	<u>1989</u>	00 ntc
Steve Hoppin	60 pts	Marvin Yoder	90 pts
Ann Hurst	48 pts	Kris Kroner	75 pts
Gene & June Miller	43 pts	Richard Lujan	66 pts
Robert & Tina Hemenway	41 pts	Tom Rood	66 pts
Tom Rood	40 pts	Marry von Raesfeld	60 pts
		Steve Hoppin	59 pts
1987 (Champion achieved with 50 pts)		Gene & June Miller	59 pts
Hal Koontz	123 pts	<u>1990</u>	
Marty vo Raesfeld	108 pts	~ 0 t \CH	
Cecil Gunby	106 pts	Gene & June Miller	131 pts
Brenda Geesey	79 pts	Kris Kroner	110 pts
Gene & June Miller	79 pts	Marvin Yoder	86 pts
Brian Mandrich	65 pts	John Dapas	75 pis
Robert & Tina Hemenway	59 pts	Tom Rood	71 pts
Richard Lujan	53 pis	Brenda Geesey	54 pts
	•	Richard Lujan	51 pts

July—Aug 1997		***************************************	59
<u>1991</u>		1994	
John Dapas	150 pts	Alvin & Dixie Lea	130 pts
Tom Rood	138 pts	Patrick Vance	99 pts
Dixie & Alvin Lea	135 pts	Dale Laird	96 pts
Pat & Mary Krichten	103 pts	Gene & June Miller	81 pts
Kris Kroner	88 pts	Pat & Mary Krichten	76 pts
Patrick Vance	86 pts	John Dapas	59 pts
Mary & Steve Payne	71 pts	Frank & Sandy Hudson	57 pts
Jim Hulsey	51 pts	Dennis Burhans	56 pts
1992		<u>1995</u>	
Virginia Patrick	117 pts	Dale & Eileen Laird	108 pts
Steve Hoppin	105 pts	Gene & June Miller	86 pts
Gene & June Miller	85 pts	Frank & Sandy Hudson	78 pts
Rick Szlachta	76 pts	Dennis Burhans	58 pts
Marvin Yoder	65 pts	Sally Huntington	56 pts
Brad & Deb Clark	56 pts	Alvin & Dixie Lea	52 pts
		Patrick Vance	50 pts
<u>1993</u>		<u>1996</u>	
Alvin & Dixie Lea	88 pts	Sally Huntington	130 pts
Steve Hoppin	74 pts	Dale & Eileen Laird	111 pts
Patrick Vance	73 pts	Alvin & Dixie Lea	101 pts
Dennis Burhans	71 pts	Margie & Harold	74 pts
Pat & Mary Krichten	68 pts	Mc Brayer	- 1 2 40
Gene & June Miller	65 pts	Tom Rood	67 pts
Frank & Sandy Hudson	59 pts	Gene & June Miller	66 pts
Tom Rood	54 pts	Felipe Bonilla	55 pts

The NFSS Apprentice Judge Program

As approved by the NFSS Board of Directors, November 1990, REVISED 8/94, 10/94, AND 7/95.

- Any new apprentice is required to write a letter of request to the Panel Director, listing her/his qualifications.
- 2. Qualifications MUST include:
 - a. Currently are and have been a member of NFSS for at least three years.
 - b. Have bred finches for five years.
 - Have exhibited under own name (or own aviary name) for three vears.
 - d. Must have won points five (5) times in top ten in shows under (at least) three (3) NFSS Panel Judges.
- 3. Must take and pass a written test with 90% or better. If not passed, must study for one year and take the test again (not within one year). The test to be taken at the Kaytee Great American or the National Cage Bird Show, by pre-arrangement only, or at sites where Panel Chairman is judging with at least a 60 day advance notice to the Panel Chairman.
- 4. Cannot apprentice until the test is passed. Each of three apprenticeships to be pre-approved by the Panel Chairman, the Panel Judge involved and the Show Manager of the show involved.
- Once three apprenticeships are completed and satisfactory reports are received from the judges involved, the apprentice must submit a request through the Panel Director for final Board approval.
- 6. The apprentice must appear before the Board (or submit a *notarized* statement) indicating she/he understands and agrees to the following:
 - When requested to write a report, it must be done immediately.
 (Example—reports of shows to be judged.)
 - b. All show reports must be in within two weeks.
 - All judges must respond to all inquiries and must participate on Standard committees.
 - NFSS Panel Judges must adhere to all NFSS Judges rules and must judge by current NFSS Standards.
- 7. All paperwork involved in the apprenticeship process, according to the current NFSS Apprentice Judge Program policy and procedure, excluding the test taken, will be presented to the Board to allow for complete review of the applicant.

For more information on becoming an NFSS Apprentice Judge, contact NFSS Judges Panel Chairman



The Canary & Finch Society
has been selected to host the
1997 NFSS Midwest Regional Show
on

November 8, 1997

at

LEAGUE CITY CIVIC CENTER 400 WEST WALKER LEAGUE CITY, TEXAS 77573

Hotel

The Ramada Inn / NASA Room Rates (Single or Double) \$55.00 Per Night

includes two breakfast buffets each morning specify you are with The Canary & Finch Society (800) 228-2828 or (281) 488-0220

Hospitality Night - Nov. 7, 1997 Awards Banquet - Nov. 8, 1997

The Canary & Finch Society is now accepting ads for our show catalogs Full Page Ad - 7 1/4 h x 4 1/4 w - \$25.00 Half Page Ad - 3 1/2 h x 4 1/4 w - \$15.00 Business Card Ad - 2 h x 4 1/4 w - \$10.00 Contact: Noma Johnson:

4119 San Augustine Pasadena, Texas 77503 281-930-9393

NFSS Affiliates. **Delegates & Shows**

(Listing as of May 1, 1997)

ALABAMA

Central Alabama Avicultural Society Ginny Allen (334) 749-7168

> Rocket City Cage Bird Club June C. Hendrix

CALIFORNIA

Aviary Association of Kern Willis & Velva Baker (805)765-6110 Show December 6, 1997 Taft, CA

Capitol City Bird Society Mariana Mejia (916) 452-2037 Roseville, CA

Finch Society of San Diego County Sally Huntington (619) 452-9423 Show #1 November 1, 1997 Panel Judge: Joseph Krader Show #2 November 2, 1997 Panel Judge: Hal Koontz San Diego, CA

Fresno Canary and Finch Society Dixie Lea (209)584-3764 Show October 25, 1997 Region #6 Show Panel Judge: Clayton Jones Fresno, CA

Golden Gate Avian Society Cathy Knight (510) 634-5068 Show November 8, 1997 Panel Judg:Clayton Jones Tracy, CA

Santa Clara Valley Canary and Exotic **Bird Club**

Neil Crowley (408)258-4601 Show November 29, 1997 San Jose, CA

COLORADO

Rocky Mountain Society of Aviculture Julie Kern (303) 753-6145 Show November 20, 21 & 22 The National Show Denver, CO

CONNECTICUT

Connecticut Association for Aviculture Chris Voronovitch (860) 649-8220 Show October 25, 1997 Panel Judge: Christine Voronovitch Manchester, CT

Connecticut Canary and Finch Club Alfredo Robles (860) 951-9438

Show December 1997

FLORIDA Aviary & Cage Bird Society of South Florida

Phil Barth (305) 426-5340 Show August 23, 1997 Panel Judge: Conrad Meinert Ft. Lauderdale, FL

Colorbred Canary Club of Miami Armando J. Lee

Show December 6, 1997 Panel Judge: Tom Rood Miami, Fl

Florida West Coast Avian Society Todd Etzel (941) 322-2023

Show November 30, 1997 Sarasota, FL

Panel Judge: Stephen Hoppin

Florida State Fair Exotic Bird Show Dale Laird (407) 657-7989

Double Show February 15, 1997 Saturday Panel Judge: Martha Wigmore February 16, 1997 Sunday Panel Judge: William Parlee Tampa, FL

Greater Brandon Avian Society John Floyd (813) 677-7679 Show September 30, 1997

> Heartland Maxine June Show January 1997

Sunshine State Cage Bird Society
Dale Laird (407) 657-7989
Show October 11, 1997
Region #2 Show
Panel Judge: Tom Rood
Orlando, FL.

GEORGIA

Georgia Cage Bird Society Candy Wright (404) 633-4364 Show November 1, 1997 Mariette, GA

HAWAII Honolulu Canary and Finch Club Kathy Perreira (808) 844-3629

Greater Chicago Cage Bird Club Jane Muscato (630) 305-9043 Show November 1, 1997 Panel Judge: Tom Rood Rolling Meadow, IL

Illini Bird Fanciers
Jan Marcott (217) 347-9690
Show June 7, 1997
Panel Judge: Earl Courts
Shelbyville, IL

National Institute of Red-Orange Canaries (NIROC) Stephan V. Hopman (815) 469-8455

Stephan V. Hopman (815) 469-8455 Show November 29, 1997 Elk Grove Village, IL

INDIANA Indiana Bird Fanciers Conrad Meinert (219) 269-2873

Show October 11, 1997 Panel Judge: Miki Sparzak Fort Wayne, IN IOWA

Mid-America Cage Bird Society
Dianna Smith (508) 540-3214
Show October 4, 1997
Panel Judge: Tom Rood
Des Moines, IA

KANSAS
Kansas Avicultural Society
Sharon Mills (316) 687-2497
Show October 10, 1997
Panel Judge: Dr. Al Decoteau
Wichita KS

KENTUCKY
Central Kentucky Cage Bird Society
Ms. Boo Shea (606) 744-2551

LOUISIANA
Gulf South Bird Club, Inc.
E. J. Nagel Jr. (504) 271-1840
Show October 18, 1997
Panel Judge: Miki Sparzak
Metairie, LA

MASSACHUSETTS
Massachusetts Cage Bird Assoc.
Dianna Smith (508) 540-3214
Show October 18, 1997
Panel Judge: Charles Anchor
Hanover, MA

MICHIGAN
Great Lakes Avicultural Society
Diana Hugo (616) 842-0163
Show October 18, 1997
Panel Judge: Clarence Culwell
Grand Rapids, MI

Mid-West Cage-Bird Club, Inc. Patrick Vance (810) 443-0643 Show September 6, 1997 Panel Judge: Clarence Culwell

Motor City Bird Breeders, Inc. Ron Girling (810) 751-8265 Show October 25, 1997 Panel Judge: Dr. Al Decoteau Warren, MI

NFSS INTERNATIONAL AFFILIATES

CANADA

Budgerigar & Foreign Bird Society of Ontario Jim Marks (416) 292-3852

Cage Bird Society of Hamilton

Ontario
Vincent Moase (905) 723-1978
Oshawa, Ontario, Canada

Essex-Kent Cage Bird Society Alfred Mion (519) 948-6398 Windsor, Ontario, Canada

NFSS INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENTS

AUSTRALIA
Queensland Finch Society
Gavin Dictz, P.O. Box 1600,
Coorparoo DC 4151
Oueensland, Australia

GREAT BRITAIN
The Estrildian

Howard Robinson 10. Gable Terrace, Wheatley Hill County Durham DH[^] 3JT, England

The Waxbill Finch Society
Mr. Buzz Hope-Inglis,
10 Litchfield Close, Plympton, Plymouth
PL7 3UU, England

Zebra Finch Society. England Margarct Binns, 97 Bent Lancs, Davyhulme, Nr. Urmston, Manchester, M31 8WZ. England

New Zealand Finch Breeders Assn. 293 Albany Highway Albany, New Zealand

.

Society of Canary and Finch Breeders
Patrick Vance (810)443-0643
Show October 4, 1997
Panel Judge: Christine Voronovitch
Livona, MI

MISSOURI

Greater Kausas City Avic. Society Nita Haas (816) 331-5285 Show October 18, 1997 Panel Judge: Paul Williams Grandylew, MO

Heart of America Hookbill & Finch Society

Moses Linn (816) 523-4661 Show June 13, 1997 Grandview, MO Missouri Cage Bird Association Richard & Rose Dickman (314) 928-3444

Show November 8, 1997 Region = 3 Show

Panel Judge: Patrick Vance Eureka, MO

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Birds of a Feather Avicultural Society hosting the:

Kaytee Great American Bird Show Show October 4, 1997

Region #1 Show

Holiday Inn Center of New Hampshire Manchester, NH

Panel Judge: Daren Decoteau

NEW MEXICO

New Mexico Bird Club, Inc. Gail Ranshaw (505) 822-1483 Show #1 September 27, 1997 Panel Judge: Ray Johnson Show #2 September 28, 1997 Panel Judge: Conrad Meinert Region #5 Show Albuquerque. NM

NEW YORK

Finger Lakes Cage Bird Association Rena Rouse (315) 252-7673 Show September 28, 1997 Waterloo NY

New York Finch & Type Canary Club Barbara Kulak (718) 967-6899 Show October 18, 1997 Brooklyn, NY

Rochester Cage Bird Club Patrick Goonan (716)288-5653 Show August 6, 1997 Rochester, NY

NORTH CAROLINA
Raleigh-Durham Caged Bird Society
April Blazich (919) 851-8079

OHIO

Cleveland Cage Bird Society LaVerne Winfield (216)886-1633 Show October 11, 1997 M.B.H., OH

Fort Defiance Bird Club Bea Endsley (419) 263-2795 Show September 27, 1997 Defiance. OH

Toledo Bird Assn. & Zebra Finch Club of America

Rick Yunker (419) 691-9432 Show September 27, 1997 Panel Judge: Patrick Vance Toledo, OH OKLAHOMA

Bird Fanciers of Oklahoma

Gene and June Miller (405) 382-7066 Show September 27, 1997 Panel Judge: Paul Williams Oklahoma City. OK

Oklahoma Cage Bird Society Laura Bewley (918)446-3999 Show October 25, 1997

OREGON

The Finch Connection Paula Hausen (503) 581-8208

<u>PENNSYLVANIA</u>

Central Pennsylvania Cage Bird Society Donaid Strausc (610) 926-5210

Chester County Bird Breeders Lorraine LaBoyne (610)269-6003 Show September 13, 1997 Downington, PA

Delaware Valley Bird Club Kris Kroner (215) 628-4143

Greater Pittsburgh Cage Bird Society June & Ralph Turkovich (412) 795-5819 Show November 1, 1997 Monroeville, PA Panel Judge: Dr. Al Decoteau

Northeastern Penn. Cage Bird Club Gary Fino (717) 829-3891

Seven Mountain's Exotic Bird Club Kathy Temple (814) 832-2150

PUERTO RICO

Organización Puertorriqueña de Aves Exoticas, Inc.

Jacky Civitares (787)752-4433 Show # 1 February 23, 1997 Ponce. PR Show # 2 April 20, 1997 Quebradillas. PR Show # 3 June 22, 1997

> Guanynabo. PR Show #4 August 24, 1997 Carolina, PR

Show #5 December 6, 1997 Region #7 Show Panel Judge: Dr. AL Decoteau Carolina, PR

TENNESSEE

Middle Tennessee Cage Bird Club Eva Duffey (615) 361-5939 Show October 4, 1997 Antioch, TN

TEXAS

Alamo Exhibition Bird Club J. T. Pavne (210) 695-8181

Canary & Finch Society
Noma Johnson (281) 930-9393
Show November 8, 1997
Region #4 Show
Panel Judge: Paul Williams
Pasadena, TX

Fort Worth Bird Club Clarence Culwell (817) 220-5568 Show October 4, 1997 Panel Judge: Stephen Hoppin Fort Worth, TX

Texas Bird Breeders and Fanciers Association

Clarence Culwell (817) 220-5568 Show October 25, 1997 Panel Judge: Cecil Gumby Temple, TX

Texas Canary Club Chris Davis (713) 361-3364 Show November 1, 1997

VIRGINIA

Peninsula Cage Bird Society Marian "Bea" Rogers (757) 484-6001

WASHINGTON
Pacific Northwest Spring Bird
Exhibition

Show #1 April 18, 1997
Panel Judge: Miki Sparzak
Show #2 April 19, 1997
Panel Judge: Conrad Meinert
Show #3 April 20, 1997
Panel Judge: Dr. Al Decoteau
Puyallup, WA

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1997 Chronological Show List

There's a show for everyone

8/24 PR

Organizacion Puertorriquena de Aves Show #4

January

1/25 FL (34 entries)

Heartland Avian Soc (Stephen Hoppin)

February

2/15 FL (133 entries)

Florida State Fair Exotic Bird Show Day 1 (Martha Wigmore)

2/16 FL (114 entries) Florida State Fair

Exotic Bird Show Day 2 (William Parlee)

2/23 PR (46 entries)
Organizacion Puertorriquena de Aves
Show #1

(Dr. Al Decoteau) PR (96 entries)

Organizacion Puertorriquena de Aves Show #2

(Dr. Al Decoteau)

April

4/18 WA

Pacific Northwest Bird Show Show #1 (Miki Sparzak)

4/19 WA

Pacific Northwest

Bird Show Show #2 (Conrad Meinert)

4/20 PR

Organizacion
Puertorriquena
de Aves
Show #2

m WA

Pacific Northwest Bird Show Day #3 (Dr. Al Decoteau)

June

6/7 IL

Illini Bird Fanciers (Earl Courts)

6/13 MO

Heart of America Hookbill and Finch Soc.

6/22 PR

Organizacion Puertorriquena de Aves Show #3

August

8/16NY

Rochester Cage Birds Club

8/23 FL

Aviary and Cage Bird Society of South Florida

September

9/6 MI

Midwest Cage Bird Club (Clarence Culwell)

(Clarence Culwell)

9/13 CA

Greater Brandon AvianSociety Inc.

mPA Chantar Cau

Chester County Bird Breeders

9/27 OH

Fort Defiance Bird Club

OH

The Toledo Bird Association (Patrick Vance)

WOK

Bird Fanciers of Oklahoma (Paul Williams)

₩ NM

New Mexico Bird Club Day 1 (Ray Johnson)

9/28 NM

New Mexico Bird Club Day 2 (Conrad Meinert)

· NY

Finger Lakes Cage Bird Associatin

October

10/4 IA

Mid America Cage Bird Society (Tom Rood)

■ MI

Society of Canary & Finch Breeders (Christine Voronovitch)

■ NH

Great American Bird Show (Daren Decoteau)

■ TX

Fort Worth Bird Club (Stephen Hoppin)

10/11 FI

Sunshine State Cage Bird Society (Tom Rood)

HO H

Cleveland Cage Bird Society

■ IN

Indiana Rid Fanciers (Miki Sparzak)

KS KS

Kansas Avicultural Society (Dr. Al Decoteau)

10/18 LA

Gulf South Bird Club (Miki Sparzak)

■ MA

Massachusetts Cage Bird Association (Charles Anchor)

■ Mi

Great Lakes **Avicultural Society**

■ MO

Greater Kansas City **Avicultural Society** (Paul Williams)

M NY

New York Finch & Type Canary Club

10/25 CA

Fresno Canary and Finch Society (Clayton Jones)

■ CT

Connecticut Association for Aviculture (Christine Voronovitch)

■ OK

Oklahoma Cage Bird Society

■ Mi

Motor City Bird Breeders (Dr. Al Decoteau)

■ TX

Texas Bird Breeders Fanciers Association (Cecil Gumby)

November

11/1 CA

Finch Society of San Diego Day 1 (Joseph Krader)

■ OA

Georgia Cage Bird Society

Greater Chicago Cage Bird Club (Tom Rood)

■ PA

Greater Pittsburgh Cage Bird Society (Dr Al Decoteau) ■ TX

Texas Canary Club

11/2 CA

Finch Society of San Diego Day 2 (Hal Koontz)

11/8 CA

Canary and Finch Society (Paul Williams)

E CA

Golden Gate Avian Society (Clayton Jones)

■ MO

Missouri Cage Bird Association (Patrick Vance)

11/20, 21, & 22 CO

Rocky Mountain Society of Aviculture The National Cage **Bird Show**

11/29 IL

National Institute of Red-orange Canaries

11/30 FL

Florida West Coast Avian Society (Stephen Hoppin)

December

12/6 FL

Colorbred Canary Club of Miami (Tom Rood)

■ PR

Organizacion Puertorriquena de Aves Exoticas (Dr. Al Decoteau)

FINCHSHOP

the National Finch and Softbill Society store

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	(Approx)	SIZE/		* * - ' *
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All 3 Show Cage Plans (set of all three)			\$10.00	gri-1
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Eric Peake Lithograph The Diamond Firetails Signed by the artist			\$35.00	
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NFSS Judges Handbook and Official Standards	In handsome small 3-ring binder. Updated in 1995!		\$15.00	
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THE NATIONAL FINCH AND SOFTBILL SOCIETY

GUIDE TO ORDERING NFSS CLOSED LEG BANDS

NFSS welcomes comments and suggestions for this Guide. Contact the home office.

size "A"

Small Waxbills
Gold-breasted Waxbill
Orange-cheeked Waxbill
Bicheno (Owl) Finch
Quail Finch
Red-eared Waxbill
Strawberry Finch

size "B"

Black-cheeked Waxbill
Cordon Bleu Waxbill
Cuban Melodious Finch
Fire & OliveFinches
Lavender Finch
Rufous-backed Mannikin

size "C"

Black and White Mannikin
Blue-capped Waxbill
Bronze-winged Mannikin
Star & Cherry Finches
Green Singing Finch
Grey Singing Finch
Heck's Shafftail
Painted, Pitlieated Finches
Pytilias, Silverbills
Red-headed Parrot Finch
Shafttail Finch

size "D"

Blue-faced Parrot Finch
most other Parrot finches
Chestmut-breasted Finch
Gouldian Finch
Pictorella Finch
Pin-tailed Nonpareil
Yellow-rumped Finch
Zebra Finch
most smaller Mannikins
most Twinspots

size "E"

Black-crested Finch Diamond Sparrow Golden Song Sparrow

more size "E"

Nuns, Siskins Peter's Twinspot Society & SpiceFinch

size "G"

European Goldfinch Magpie Mannikin other large Mannikins small Tanagers

size "J"

Pekin Robin, Silver-eared Mesia other small softbilis

size "K"

Java Rice Bird Red-crested Cardinal Saffron.Shama Thrush

size "L"

Diamond Dove other small doves Ouail, other softbills

size "M"

Pagoda Mynah, large Sunbirds Leaf Birds

size "R"

Green/purple & Superb Starlings

size "S"

White-tailed Jay, Ring Neck Dove Java & Indian Hill Mynalis Toucanettes, Aracaris

size "T"

small Touracos, Plush-capped Jay Small Toucans, small Hornbills

size "U"

Large Touracos, Large Toucans
Large Hornbills

THE NATIONAL FINCH AND SOFTBILL SOCIETY

BAND ORDER FORM

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K		\$2.75	
L		\$2.75	
М		\$2.75	
R		\$2.75	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
S		\$2.75	
T		\$2.75	
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Under \$50 - \$.75
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State Zip

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Mail form and payment payable to NFSS to:

Ms. Eilcon Laird NFSS Band Secretary 1166 Village Forest Pl. Winter Park, FL 32792 (407) 657-7989

LEG BANDING PROCEDURE

courtesy of The National Finch and Softbill Society



The most important thing to remember when banding chicks is to do it over a counter or table so if the chick is dropped it doesn't fall to the floor. The age to band varies between species but is generally between 5 and 10 days. You can tell by looking at the ankle joint (the joint where the toes come together) and the size of the band.



Have the bands, a toothpick (or other small blunt instrument) and some lubricant ready. Be sure you have the bands "right side up" for easier reading.



The band is generally placed on the bird's right leg. Banding just before the parents go to roost in the evening will prevent them from picking at the band. By the next morning they will have forgotten about it.



Hold the chick firmly but in such a way as to not cut off its breathing and so that you don't harm it. Remember, their bodies cannot tolerate compression. Put a little bit of lubricant on the chick's foot and slide the band over the three front toes and finally over the ankle joint. The back toe will probably have to be gently pried out from under the band with a toothpick. The band now should be in the proper location between the ankle and the elbow joints.



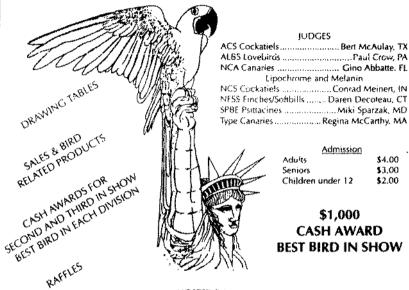
Check on the chick the next few days to be sure that the band has not slipped off and that there are no scrapes or irritations on the foot or leg.

KAYTEE

12TH ANNUAL

Great American Bird Show, Inc. SATURDAY & SUNDAY OCTOBER 4 & 5, 1997

SANCTIONED JUDGING- SATURDAY 9 AM -6 PM BIRD MART- SUNDAY 9 AM -5 PM



IUDGES

NCA Canaries Gino Abbatte, FL Lipochrome and Metanin NCS Cockatiels Conrad Meinert, IN NFSS Finches/Softbills Daren Decoteau, CT

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FOR MORE INFORMATION CONTACT: Local, Show, Hotel, Bird Mart, etc. info: call: Denise Bourgault

> (603) 893-8870 For Kaytee GABS info: Call: David Dollar Phone (813) 937-5447

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THE NATIONAL FINCH AND SOFTBILL SOCIETY

MEMBERSHIP BENEFITS

The National Finch and Softbill Society is dedicated to the preservation of all finch and softbill species.

NFSS Bulletin Our bi-monthly Bulletin connects you with other finch and softbill keepers around the country. It includes articles on diet. breeding, management and the experiences of other aviculturists. NFSS keeps you abreast of the news on legislation.

FINCHSAVE

The goal of FINCHSAVE is to establish and maintain all finch and softbill species in American aviculture. All members are encouraged to enhance the propagation of finches and softbills.

Census

The annual NFSS Census can connect you with other breeders for the purpose of exchanging information or breeding stock.

Lea Bande

NFSS offers, to members, closed traceable leg bands, in 9 sizes.

Affiliations

Your club can affiliate and receive plaques and rosettes as show awards. Non-show clubs, too, can affiliate and receive service awards for members. Speakers are available, with slide programs that feature finches and softbills.

National Show All members are encouraged to attend and participate in NFSS' National show. An International Patronage Exchange brings awards from foreign countries.

Judaes Panel

Composed of individuals who have completed the apprenticeship program, all NFSS Panel Judges judge by the NFSS Standard of Judging, are approved by the Board of Directors, and are available to local clubs.

Standarde

At mid-year 1995 NFSS had exhibition standards for twelve species, including the first standard for softbill species. and several more in the works.

Champion6

NFSS sponsors a "Champion Exhibitor" and "Champion Bird" awards program. Both reward high achievements on the show bench.

FINCHSH**O**P

The sales division of NFSS offers various items for sale to members. The profits are used to support the Society's other programs.

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8097

NEEDED BULLETIN EDITOR

Due to time constraints of the current editor's new business and child, the position of Editor of The NFSS *Bulletin* will be open 12/31/97.

Anyone interested in giving back to our Society in a most rewarding way contact the current Editor: Robert Petrie

phone (816) 459-9800 E-mail rspetrie@juno.com

NFSS Bulletin Advertising Rates New rates effective 1/01/95

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NFSS Bulletin Editor
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Harold Bowles

230 College Circle Cedartown, GA 30125 (770) 748-4627

Jacky Civitarese PO Box 6771 San Juan, PR 00914 (410) 282-6189

Earl Courts

1807 N.E. Colburn Lee's Summit, MO 64063 (816) 524-0921

Clarence Culwell 250 Horseshoe Dr.

Springtown, TX 76082 (817) 220-5568

P.O. Box 369

P.O. Box 369 Groton. MA 01450 Phone (603) 672-4568 Fax (603) 672-3120

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Joseph Krader

29831 Weather wood Laguna Niguel, CA 92677 (714) 692-8051

Armando Lee

6811 SW 89th Ct. Miami. FL 33172 (305) 270-1000

FOR INFORMATION ON THE NFSS JUDGES PANEL CONTACT DR. AL DECOTEAU

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Inactive List Martha Wigmore